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THE OYEN NEWS

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Who Builds Your Clothes?

PERFORMANCE

Not Promises

Is what you want in your clothes. In the race for business extravagant claims may bring temporary success but only clothes that have the qualities to make good, build business permanently. The other kind may look good at first, but a short interval of wear soon uncover their faults.

"Master Built" clothes are thoroughly good from every standpoint.

The Styles are authoritive creations of fashion leaders and are the models that will be worn by the best dressed men in Canada.

The Fabrics and making are such as to be entirely above criticism.

If you have never worn a Master Built Suit or Overcoat you owe it to yourself to test our tailoring service this season.

We also deal in **20th Century Brand of Clothing**, so can insure price and fit to suit—

Man and Pocket

P. W. HART

E. C. Stata, Manager

MONEY TO LOAN

Money to Loan on Farm Lands
Real Estate and Insurance
Issuer of Marriage Licences

J. HOWARD ALEXANDER,
Notary Public
Main Street, Oyen, Alta.

If you want the Best in Fall and Winter Gent's Furnishings, come to us. We handle only the best brands of goods and we are bound to please. One visit will will convince you that our prices are right.

If it is for Men, We have it.
For fancy dress or work

The OYEN CLOTHING Co.
THE MEN'S OUTFITTERS
D. M. IRVING, Manager

Lieut. G. H. Scott, Died From Wounds

Lieut. Scott, enlisted with the 89th. Battalion, which left Calgary for England on the 25th of May. He Died of wounds Received on September 28th.

Local Items

Thanksgiving Day on Monday, October 9th. All the stores will be closed on that day.

P. H. Peterson left for Calgary this morning.

W. R. Meacham and Malcolm McDonald were visitors over the week-end in Calgary.

C. G. Corbman is the manager of the new Rogers yard in Oyen.

Miss Robinson, who has been employed in the local post office for the past year, leaves tomorrow morning for her home at Medicine Hat.

It is reported on good authority that Oyen will have two Sittings a year of the District Court. Also that a Process Issuer will be appointed.

The Oyen Branch of the Women's Institute will meet at the home of Mrs. W. R. Meacham on Friday, October 13th., at 2.30. The members are requested to bring a tested recipe. All ladies interested are cordially invited to attend.

The Rogers Lumber Company have built a yard in Oyen. They have an announcement on page five.

Hilda Fenner, who is in a hospital at Calgary, is reported doing nicely from wounds caused by the accidental discharge of a gun.

Mr. Kennedy has purchased the John Naismith, Jr. property on First Ave. East.

Thos. Lees and P. Thomas, of Oyen, John Young and Edmund of Sibbald, and Mr. Henneman of Acadia Valley, are the new members of the fast growing Ford family.

Miss Mabel Iverson will open a General Hospital in Oyen, next week.

L. D. Reardon, of Saskatoon, was in town yesterday.

Come in and hear the Columbia Graphonola play the most delightful music on record.—J. W. Robinson.

Lieut. G. H. Scott Makes Supreme Sacrifice

Popular Oyen Man Died From Wounds Received in Recent Fighting

Word that Lieut. G. H. Scott had died from wounds, was received here on Saturday morning, and as the sad news became generally known a profound gloom fell over the entire community.

The late Mr. Scott was one of the pioneers of this district. He came here in the spring of 1912, and with his father-in-law, J. Naismith Sr., conducted a general store business under the name of Scott & Co. From the early pioneering days, he was always identified with any movement that would benefit the village and district and the whole community soon learned to look up to him as a capable leader and an astute business man, but above all they admired him for his manly character.

During the fall of last year, Lt.-Col. Naysmith, one of the heroes of St. Julien, wasauthorized to form the 89th. Battalion. The late G. H. Scott and his brother, Fred Scott, were the first two Oyen men to join this splendid battalion; both men obtaining commissions as lieutenants. After six months training in Calgary Col. Naysmith and his men left for Europe. Shortly after the arrival of the battalion in England Lieut. Scott was drafted to the 31st. and was soon engaged inactive fighting in the trenches.

The telegram which brought the sad news to the relatives of this gallant soldier, merely stated that he had died of wounds received, on September 28th.

The late Lieut. Scott leaves a wife and two children, his parents who live in Meaford, Ont., three sisters, his brother, Lieut. Fred Scott, and friends innumerable to mourn his loss.

Robin Hood Flour is the Staff of Life

We have a limited supply of the old wheat Flour

The wise one will buy his year's supply now

Today's Price $4.50

S. A. Miller & Co.
Headquarters for Everything to Eat and Wear

Harvest *Time is* Kodak *Time*

Get Your Kodak and Supplies From

Geo. A. Morrison,
Chemist and Druggist,
Oyen, "We want your trade." Alta.

Ours is the Store for your gun and ammunition

Get Them On The Fly!

YOU CAN'T UNLESS YOU HAVE THE PROPER SHELLS AND LOADS TO DO IT.

WE CARRY A FULL STOCK OF U. M. C. SHELLS ALL SIZES IN SHOT.

THESE ARE DEPENDABLE.

GIVE US A CALL.

W. C. HOSKINS

You can't beat

Old Dutch

for taking rust and stains off knives

General Botha Sternly Resolute

An Incident of the South African Campaign

How determined and resolute General Botha can be is illustrated by a story which Mr. Harold Spender tells in his life of the great South African soldier. During the later stages of the South African war Mrs. Botha spared no efforts in her role of peace-maker. General Botha, however, was not always in the mood to listen to peace talk, and, indeed, there were moments when he by no means welcomed Mrs. Botha as a messenger of peace.

"On one occasion Mrs. Botha had travelled for three days to reach her husband with a new suggestion from the British Headquarters. Arriving in the Republican lines, she asked that her presence should be reported to the General. At first they did not know where to find Botha, but at last he was found walking up and down in some agitation. Faced by his wife, he said to her, instantly, 'You must leave me.' He had just arranged a battle. 'You must get back as soon as you can,' he said. 'I am blowing up the line.'

"She had only gone a few miles when the shrapnel fell all around her. She came back into the British lines and reported herself to the British General, who had let her through. He told her to get back to Pretoria. 'But my husband is going to blow up the railway,' she remarked. 'He won't blow it up if you are on it,' replied the British General, with some plausibility; and so she went.

"She travelled in a train full of soldiers; but her presence on the train did not change her husband's Spartan purpose. The line was blown up and the train stopped. The soldiers marched on. Mrs. Botha and a companion were left for three days with the engine-driver and the stoker."

SAVE THE CHILDREN

Mothers who keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house may feel that the lives of their little ones are reasonably safe during the hot weather. Stomach troubles, cholera infantum and diarrhoea carry off thousands of little ones every summer, in most cases because the mother does not have a safe medicine at hand to give promptly. Baby's Own Tablets cure these troubles, or if given occasionally to the well child will prevent their coming on. The Tablets are guaranteed by a government analyst to be absolutely harmless even to the new-born babe. They are especially good in summer because they regulate the bowels and keep the stomach sweet and pure. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

German Tatoos Uncut

No little attention is being attracted by Sir Henry Dalziel's campaign in favor of the confiscation of all German funds in Great Britain as a means of expressing public opinion on German atrocities in a form the Huns could understand. Opinion is gathering weight in Canada that the idea is a good one.—Montreal Mail.

"Am I good enough for you?" sighed the fond lover.

"No," said the girl, candidly, "you're not, but you are too good for any other girl.—New York Times.

Bovril makes other food nourish you

Bovril makes other foods nourish you. It has a Body-building power proved equal to from 10 to 20 times the amount of Bovril take-

W. N. U. 1124

Two Kinds of Water From One Well

Ordinary Water and Brine Are Pumped From One Well in Florida

The geologists of the United States Geological Survey have just completed a well at Welaka, on the St. John's River, Florida, that contains two kinds of water, one for 309 feet deep. It was first drilled to a depth of 160 feet, from which depth ordinary sulphur water was obtained. The drill was then carried to a depth of 309 feet, where it opened a vein of water that has a strongly disagreeable, salty taste. In order to use both kinds of water, an inner tubing was run nearly to the bottom of the well. Both that and the outer casing have been connected with pumps, so that ordinary water and mineral water can be pumped at the same time. A favorite joke played on visitors is to give them first a drink of the weaker water, and then, if they ask for more, a glass of the brine. In an investigation of the underground waters of the country, the staff of the Geological Survey have found not more than half a dozen wells of that kind, but there is no reason why they should not be common in regions where the waters in the upper strata differ from those that lie deeper.

To safeguard the child from damage that worms cause, use Mother Worm Powders, the medicine par excellence for children. These powders will clear the system entirely of worms, will regulate and stimulate the organs injuriously affected by the worms, and will encourage healthful operation of the digestive processes. As a vermifuge it cannot be surpassed in effectiveness.

Advice to Clergymen

Why don't clergymen who are unequal to composing good sermons for themselves (and in the nature of things there must be good many of them) occasionally read one of the beautiful homilies provided for them by the church? Or why don't they frankly read someone else's sermon, giving credit to the author, instead of dishonestly trying to palm off them in the conveyance? One wonders whether the hack sermon-writer realizes that no man who lived in the eighteenth century and later "loaned" original sermons in manuscript for a trifling fee. It is on record that Coleridge, when he was particularly hard up, raised the wind in this way. How much would a sermon in Coleridge's handwriting fetch at Sotheby's today?—London Chronicle.

No matter how deep-rooted the corn or wart may be, it must yield to Holloway's Corn Cure if used as directed.

Harry and James, brothers, were in their playroom for a little recreation after supper. Harry hit James with a stock. An argument followed, and in the midst of it the nurse happened in with the news that it was time for them to retire. James was sent to bed first. The nurse said: "You must forgive your brother before you go to bed. You might die in the night." After a few minutes elapsed James replied: "Well, I'll forgive him tonight, but if I don't die he'd better look out in the morning."

Works Both Ways

Whatever the idea, the Teutons are setting a precedent full of danger for the side likely to be defeated. In case the entente troops should eventually reach Berlin and parade in the Siegesalle it might become a question of expatriating, by way of making stronger allied frontiers, a few million Germans and Austrians. The German immigrant element in Alsace, which has thriven since the last war at the expense of the inhabitants, lends itself to this treatment. So does the German-speaking element which practices economic parasitism on the unfortunate Slavs of Bohemia, Galicia and Prussian Poland. What objection could the Teutons make if a finally victorious entente should not disdain to apply the Teuton's own approved and sanctioned practices upon them? Eviction was a bad game for them to start.

A Scriptural Wheeze

Young minister finds himself in charge of a congregation in which are many ogling women. In desperation he secures a transfer to another field. A few months later he meets his successor.

"How are you getting along?"

"Splendidly!"

"But the women. Aren't they a bit attentive?"

"Yes, but I laid it safely in numbers."

"Egad, brother, I found safety in exodus."—Chicago Tribune.

To Continue Exploration

Stefansson Plans to Discover Extent of the New Northland

A letter has been received by G. J. Desbarats, deputy minister of naval service, from Dr. Anderson, of the Stefansson northern exploration party, who some time reached Nome. The letter gives additional details of the work done by the party and supplies some information as to Stefansson's future movements.

The letter states that Stefansson's plan had been to make a northerly circuit around the new land, which he discovered a year ago, with the object of discovering its extent and whether any territory existed north of there.

As a result of the fact that his ships did not succeed in getting far north in 1915, however, and of trouble with his dogs, the explorer was unable to carry out his design. He had reached his new land last May, but it is understood that he will winter at Winter Harbor, on Melville Island. The schooner Polar Bear, one of the vessels of the expedition, was expected to reach this port this summer and go north to Stefansson there.

Scott Chipman, one of the members of the southern party who travelled to Edmonton by the overland route, instead of going to Nome with the rest of his companions, has reached Ottawa and is preparing his report to the Geological Survey Department. Mr. Chipman, who was topographer with the expedition, travelled south by way of the Mackenzie and Athabasca rivers.

Medals and Badges Must Be Authorised

Warning Issued to Public Against Copying Uniforms or Wearing Military Decorations

It has been brought to the attention of the military authorities that a great many unauthorized persons are wearing various uniforms or badges or medals and by doing so are bringing the medals and uniforms into disrepute apart from retarding recruiting.

It is felt by the military authorities that the general public are not aware that it is unlawful for an unauthorized person to wear uniform or badges and the following extract from a recent Order-in-Council would be read by the public:—

"If any unauthorized person wears any naval or military uniform or any uniform so nearly resembling such uniform as to be calculated to deceive, or if any person without lawful authority supplies a naval or military uniform to any person not being a member of His Majesty's forces or of the Canadian Militia, or if any person without authority or right wears a naval or military decoration or medal, he is guilty of an offence under the Criminal Code, and on summary conviction under the provisions of that Code is liable to penalty not exceeding $50, and in default of payment of said penalty to be subject to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months."

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

"Must Avenge Our Children"

It is the German people, as incarnated by their soldiers, who have carried off our daughters of the fourth captive and delivered them to the officers of the Kaiser. It is, therefore, against the German people as a whole that our cry is making war, and not against any fiction of isolated Imperialism. The Germans are alone responsible for their crimes and any other conception of the present war would only lead us to degradation, dupery and defeat. We must avenge the children of Roubaix and Lille—avenge them without mercy or pity. This is one of the works of France during the war, and for long afterwards.—Le Figaro, Paris.

"Bridget, why have you put the fly-paper out on the grass?"

"There isn't no more flies to ketch in the house, mum."

A PROMINENT NURSE SPEAKS.

Many Nurses in Canada and Elsewhere Say the Same.

Chatham, Ont.—"Being a nurse I have had occasion to use Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription quite a lot. I always recommend it to my patients and it has been a wonderful help to many of them. I never know of a case it failed in. I have a patient who is using it now and she is doing fine since taking it. I have taken it myself and got very best results. I consider it the best medicine there is to-day for women who are ailing." Mrs. Ernest Moore, 30 Dagger St., Chatham, Ont.

THAT WEAK BACK

Accompanied by pain here and there—extreme nervousness—sleeplessness—may be faint spells, chills or spasms—all are signals of distress for a woman. She may be growing from girlhood into womanhood—passing from womanhood into motherhood—or later suffering during middle life, which leaves so many wrecks of women. At any or all of these periods of a woman's life she should take a tonic and nervine prescribed for just such cases as hers by a physician of vast experience in diseases from which women suffer.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has successfully treated more cases in the past 50 years than any other known remedy. It can now be had in sugar-coated tablet form as well as in the liquid. Sold by medicine dealers or trial box by mail on receipt of 50 cents in stamps. Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets clear the complexion.

Italy Confident of Victory

A New Europe to Be Created in Which Nationalities Will Be Free

Two years of this sanguinary tragedy have shown on the one hand the crime of those who provoked it, and on the other the fact that all the people are making every sacrifice so as not to lose the liberty to live. We are entering the third year of the war, which without doubt will be the year of victory. With firm confidence in the power and bravery of their armies, Italy, France, Russia and Great Britain struggle valiantly and approach inevitably the day of their triumph. The German press spends its time in enumerating the German booty, but the German people is now convinced that it has committed a tragic mistake, and would like to close this adventure without a very serious loss of prestige and economic strength. As to Austria, the arrogance of her dynastic caste and her feudal army is already broken, her power very seriously compromised, her plan for Balkan hegemony destroyed, and even her unity is terribly threatened. Thus the plans of the two emperors are broken on the ruins of Prussian militarism and Austro-Hungarian feudalism, and a new Europe is about to be created in which nationalities will be free, which will be assured, and Italy will have the place to which she has a right by the sublime virtues of her people.—Giornale d'Italia, Rome.

PILES.

You will find relief in Zam-Buk! It eases the burning, stinging pain, stops bleeding and brings ease. Perseverance, with Zam-Buk, means cure. Why not prove this? All Druggists and Stores—50c box.

Zam-Buk

History of 1677 Is Being Repeated

An interesting feature of the prospective combined action of Russian and Rumanian forces through Rumania against Bulgaria and Austria will be its parallel with the operations against Turkey in 1877. Then, as now promises to be the case, Russian armies passed through Rumania, and it was the Rumanian King, the father of the present King, who commanded the Russian forces in some of the most important operations of the war.

Asthma Brings Misery, but Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy will replace the misery with welcome relief. Inhaled as smoke or vapor, it reaches the very inmost recesses of the bronchial passages and soothes them. Restriction passes and easy breathing returns. If you have ever had this remedy would help you do thousands of grateful users there would be a package in your home tonight. Try it.

The Revolt of Brussels

Germans Trying to Drive Belgians to Last Stage of Desperation

Report that the city of Brussels has refused to pay the fines of the million marks, imposed by the Germans as a penalty for the patriotic demonstrations by hundreds of thousands once of Belgium's national fete day, July 21, is likely soon to be followed by news of a staggering interest in the whole world.

Brussels is under the German heel and what can she do?

To attempt to squeeze more millions out of the people of the Belgium capital, because of the inevitable show of patriotism on such an occasion, would be outrageous. But, even at that, the explanation is probably only trumped-up.

The German military authorities have therefore given plain evidence of a desire and purpose to drive the Belgians to the last stage of desperation. The revolt of the municipality of Brussels at this latest imposition indicates that the stage has been reached.

But if the people of Brussels neither can, nor will, stand any more oppression, what next?

The Germans undoubtedly have that all arranged, and we may be sure that the programme is a sufficiently terrible one.

They would hardly have penalized the city without preparation against its resistance or that payment would be refused—such is efficiency.

More than probably, they expected a refusal, as well as planned for it—or actually sought, by the enormity of this latest punitive act, to arouse the city to revolt.

Is the world in for a series of fresh spectacles illustrating the German capacity for contriving ingenious brutalities, for following up a cowardly attack on human rights by another one, indefinitely, for piling horror on horror?

They have ravaged the Belgian harvests for their own use. They have driven off the herds for meat and milk—and casein, for their munitions. They have deported men, women and children to slave for the German state. They have robbed Belgian factories right and left. They have taken millions of marks from the Belgians to supply their own enfeebled sinews of war.

They have done all this in defiance of the law of nations, of Hague conventions and of the opinion of the civilized world—sometimes, even in repudiation of their own pledges.

The Germans in Belgium are not done yet. They are mad in the double sense. The last chapter of the atrocities which the Belgians must suffer is yet to be written.

The world will await, with fresh appreciation of barbarous cruelties in store for that hapless people, the German plan of reprisal for the Brussels revolt.—Providence Journal.

Don't Cough Your Throat Sore, Don't Suffer, USE "Nerviline," It Will Cure You Quickly

The Annoyance of a Bad Cough Soothed Away in One Day

Nothing so bad for the throat as coughing, and nothing half so annoying as to have someone near by that is hacking, sneezing, or constantly clearing the throat.

NERVILINE

Rub on Nerviline —it will save you all further pain and distress. Even one good rub with this soothing, penetrating remedy will bring the finest relief, will take out that rasping soreness, will stop that irritating tickle that makes you want to cough so much.

Nerviline isn't something new. It has a record of forty years of wonderful success behind it.

In rubbing on Nerviline, you use something safe, reliable and sure to cure. Its action is marvellous. The way it sinks in through the tissues—the way it penetrates to the seat of the congestion is really a wonder.

For chronic colds, coughs, or sore throat you can't beat this trusty old family remedy. Its name spells cure for any sort of pain in the joints or muscles. Try it for rheumatism, lumbago, backache or headache —in every case you'll find amazing virtue and curative power in Nerviline.

Most families keep the large 50c bottle always handy on the shelf, trial size 25c, at all dealers in medicine, or the Catarrhozone Co., Kingston, Canada.

Measuring Hay in Stack

Rule for Measuring Hay Which Has Been Proven Satisfactory

Estimating the number of tons of hay in stack by measuring is often resorted to when it is inconvenient or impractical to weigh it. It is impossible to give a rule for measuring hay which is entirely satisfactory. The following one has often been used, states Professor E. G. Schafer, of the Washington Experiment Station at Pullman, and approximates the correct weight:

"Width plus over, divided by four and squared, then multiplied by the length and divided by 512."

The above rules assumes that the cross section of a stack may be obtained by dividing the width plus over measurement by four and squaring it. Stacks vary so much in shape that this cannot be absolutely true with all stacks. The above rule also assumes that there are 512 cubic feet in a ton. The length of time a stack has been built, the size of a stack or the amount it has settled, the kind of hay, all influence the weight of a certain volume of hay. The above or other rules should not be relied upon unless it is impossible to weigh hay when it is sold.

Problem—Assume that a hay stack is 18 feet wide, 26 feet over (distance from ground on one side up over the stack and to the ground on other side) and 16 feet long.

The solution would be—18 plus 26 equals 44; 44 divided by 4 equals 11; squared equals 121; 121 times 30 equals 3,630 cubic feet in 3,630 divided by 512 equals 7.09 tons.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

"I suppose you are campaigning among the plain people?"

"No, I want the beauty vote and I want yours, too, dearie."

She promised it. — Kansas City Journal.

He was taken to task because he had not made an effort to enlist in the British army, and in his own defense said: "I'm not asking to be let off—I've been waiting for more time. I've got a lot of contracts to finish." "How long will they take?" asked the Sergeant. "Oh, about three years."

A few days ago a young man took his girl a bouquet of flowers. The young woman was so pleased she threw her arms about his neck and kissed him. He stood and stared to go. "I'm sorry I offended you," she said. "Oh, I am not offended," he replied, "I was just going back after more flowers."

Women As Inventors

Many Notable Inventions Are the Result of Ingenuity of Women

Women are generally considered lacking in inventive ability. The truth is that they have been taking out patents steadily since 1790. It must be confessed that these ideas have not always turned out a complete success, but, then, the world has progressed as a result of many mistakes other than those of inventors. How few women ever realise as they ply their crochet needle that it was a Scotch woman, Christian Shaw, the daughter of the Laird of Balgarran, in Renfrewshire, who was the first to produce linen thread, as far back as 1729; her idea was developed later by the big Paisley firms of Clark and Coats.

Silk weaving was invented by the wife of the fourth Emperor of China, in the dim ages of antiquity; a woman in the harem of an Indian prince invented the weaving of cashmere shawls; the same clever woman or her mother (authorities differ on the point) discovered attar of roses; while a poor Italian woman rediscovered the secret of Venetian point lace, which had been lost for nearly 600 years. Madame Curie's triumph as the discoverer of radium is still fresh in the public mind, as is that of Dr. Maria Montessori, whose novel methods are likely to revolutionise the art of teaching in the near future.

"Don't you think Miss Howler had wonderful control of her voice?"

"No, I don't. She sings every time anyone asks her to."—Boston Transcript.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress after Eating.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

STUDENTS!—CHOOSE and USE

Waterman's (Ideal) Fountain Pen

THE PEN and the HABIT—THAT LASTS A LIFETIME

Sold at the Best Stores.

L. E. Waterman Company, Limited, Montreal.

$2.50 up

Booklet on Request

COWAN'S Supreme Chocolate

A pure, unsweetened, cooking chocolate. Easily melted and mixed, containing that rich chocolate flavor that can only be obtained from the finest and most expensive cocoa beans. For years the most satisfactory cooking chocolate in Canada.

Sold everywhere. Made in Canada.

A-17

TRAINING AND A GOOD PARTNER WILL MAKE STRONG COMBINATION

WIFE HELPS THE SOLDIER-FARMER TO SUCCEED

The Government Is Making a Special Monetary Allowance in Addition to the Pension, for the Maintenance of Both the Soldier And his Family, While he is Receiving Elementary Training

—o—

"What makes you think you will succeed as a farmer?"

The question was asked of a returned soldier who had expressed a very strong desire to get on the land.

"My wife," he answered.

"Do you mean to say she persuaded you?"

"No, I didn't need any persuading. But she wants to go as much as I do."

"Does she understand what it means?"

"She ought. She was born and brought up on a farm; she is not afraid of hard work; and she prefers to live in the country anyway."

"For the children's sake?"

"We've got none, worse luck. No, she likes it better herself."

That man's battle is half won.

He was not a farm boy himself, and he does not imagine that the little experience he possesses is enough. He is therefor taking advantage of the elementary training in such matters as gardening and poultry raising, already started by the Military Hospitals Commission in some of its Convalescent Hospitals; and he aims at taking a course of extra instruction later on at one of the agricultural schools.

As announced some time ago, the Government makes special monetary allowances, in addition to the pension, for the maintenance of both the soldier and his family while he is being trained, if he has to learn a new occupation; so no man should have the slightest hesitation about taking full advantage of the training put at his disposal to increase his capacity and better his position.

A trained man, and a wife both experienced and willing, make a team hard to beat.

It is very interesting to see that this fact has been recognized in a more practical way in England. There the Government decided, a few months ago, to start, by way of experiment, three pioneer land colonies of ex-soldiers—or rather "ex-service men," for even the man now ploughing the sea will have his chance of ploughing the soil.

The President of the Board of Agriculture has just announced that in selecting settlers for these colonies "preference will be given, as between men of equal merit and qualifications, to those whose wives or sisters or daughters are already acquainted with milking or other farm operations, as this result in their employment as men and soldiers in the service of ambulances and hospitals see its comfortable quarters, will be heard to say, 'They work, they must be cared for,' is the slogan.

"It is a fact that the Englishman does his best when he is well looked after. Give him his roast beef and he will fight well."

—o—

How Britain Cares For Her Soldiers

Former French Minister Loud in Praise of British System

Adolphe Brisson, formerly a French minister, has returned to Paris from a visit to the British front. He gives a very vivid and interesting description of how a great army is administered in the field.

Of especial importance is the manner in which the British soldier is cared for.

"We meet generals who are not only warriors," said M. Brisso, "but who are great administrators, trained in India, Egypt, Africa, accustomed to plan the details of a campaign. They spare neither expense nor trouble in establishing the base of a lengthy military line.

"I admired their calm confidence in the sovereign power of Great Britain, always they made the same statement:

"We English need time to understand. . . . We did not know war like this. It had to be learned. We are slow in starting, but we are there now, and nothing can stop us.'

"The greatest commendation is due to the sanitary service. On principle the English soldiers do not wear barracks. The fighter must live and be cared for under a tent. He breathes better; cleanliness is easier to keep; vermin are easier to destroy; every morning everything is burned. "In camp, be it for the healthy or the wounded, flowers cheer the eye; the English soldiers delight in them. "On their arrival the men receive thorough and vigorous disinfection. They are bathed and scrubbed, clothing boiled and washed; then the soldier is dressed neatly in a white shirt with soft collar, red tie, blue vest with silver revers and olive trousers.

"He is then taken to a paradise, a garden in which are scattered the sleeping tents, dining tents; for his recreation he finds tennis courts and football grounds, benches to rest upon. For his comfort even a dentist; yes, a dentist's chair, with the means of the attentions, the cheer!

"'We mean,' said a general to me, 'to secure, as by enactment, that on returning to the trenches our soldiers may be able to say to his comrades: 'We have had a good holiday, and shall be mighty well off in the hospitals' . . . He is quite right. The attention and soldiers in the service of ambulances and hospitals see its comfortable quarters, will be heard to say, 'They work, they must be cared for,' is the slogan.

"It is a fact that the Englishman does his best when he is well looked after. Give him his roast beef and he will fight well."

—o—

Grain Screenings

Cleaning Grain at Threshing Time a Good Practice

In a bulletin entitled "Grain Screenings" issued by the Dominion Department of Agriculture, it is estimated that the loss entailed in shipping dockage to western markets amounts to considerably more than half a million dollars. The following account of an experiment that any farmer should be of value in connection with the problem of eliminating the waste due to the shipment of grain subject to a dockage on account of screenings.

A monitor cleaner and a five horse-power engine were purchased and both mounted on an extra strong wagon gear. A 15-foot ordinary grain elevator was attached to the elevator wagon or bin. Another box received the screenings (mostly broken and shrunken grain). The cost of the entire outfit, including the operation, repairs and interest on capital was $195. The grower calculates that he saved on his 80,000 bushel crop 1,600 bushels of wheat worth $960, freight on which to the terminal elevator would have cost $220, and 1,600 bushels at the elevator $64. He thus had a profit of $449. The outfit paid for itself in one year, and is as good as new when it started. This experiment, it is argued, proves that cleaning the grain on a farm is not only possible but is practicable and advisable. The really practicable way for the whole country generally would be that the threshing outfits should include a grain cleaning attachment, as many of them now do as a sheaf loading machine.

Any ordinary threshing machine if fitted with proper screens and carefully operated is capable of removing many of the smaller weed seeds that now constitute a considerable percentage of elevator screenings.

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"I wasn't always like this, lady," said the wayfarer at the back door.

"There was a time when I had everything money can buy.

"You poor man! How did you come to this?"

"I'll tell you, lady. Me wife used to keep me on the go all the time. One week it would be Newport and the next it would be Palm Beach or the Adirondacks or else Europe, accordin' to where the society folks happened to be goin'. We spent all our money that way, and when it was all gone I was so used to travelling that I just naturally couldn't stop. I took to trampin'."

—o—

High: There's Fred Scads over there. He made a million in the Street last year.

Lowe: Honestly?

High: I don't know, but he made it.

Bukowina Duchy a Place But Little Known

Sandwiched in Between Galicia and the Northwestern Frontier of Rumania

When the present writer first visited Rumania a young American, whose high-spirited account lives in the memory, greeted him on board a Danube steamer with the question, "Have you ever heard of a place called the Bukowina?" writes a special correspondent of the London Times. As it happened, he had, and this piece of knowledge much impressed the American traveller, who assured him that the States not nobody had heard of it at all. The traveller, however, had been studying European politics and selecting his routes in a far-sighted manner with a view to becoming an authority not upon past but upon future history. Someone in Paris had told him about the Bukowina. He was now on his way to it, and he formulated his intentions in words of this kind: "Some day the Emperor Francis Joseph is going to die, and the Austria Empire is going to break up. Then I guess there is going to be trouble in the Bukowina, for they tell me that the people who live in it are Rumanians. So there will be a regular war and Rumania is pretty sure to try to get it for herself. When that day comes, it will be very convenient to say I have been there, so I am going up to have a look at it now."

Perhaps he was right in attributing ignorance of this mysterious Duchy to his own countrymen, and possibly also the knowledge of its whereabouts was not more generally diffused amongst ourselves. The child who, when told the other day that it was a great thing to be making history, retorted that it seemed to her that history was all they were making, and that she did not see the point of learning any more till the war was over and things were a bit settled, had a strong case.

Nevertheless, though geography is the ping-pong, most of us have been learning a good deal of it since the war began, and many must have had their first introduction to the Bukowina. It is a Duchy and Crown land of Austria and is sandwiched in between the Province of Galicia and the northwestern frontier of Rumania. Bukowina means the country of the beech trees, and a great portion of it is forest clad, for it lies amongst the southern spurs of the Carpathians. Czernowitz, its capital, has about 70,000 inhabitants, and the population of the Duchy is some three-quarters of a million. Of these about 40 per cent. are Ruthenes, and nearly another 40 per cent. are Rumanians, the balance being made up of the usual Balko-Hungarian mixture — Magyars, Germans, Poles, Jews and gypsies. The Ruthenes and the Rumanians belong to the Orthodox Greek and therefore the vast majority of the inhabitants hold with Rumania and with Russia in the matter of religion.

The Rumanian peoples in the Bukowina and in Transylvania are one and might be supposed, settlers who have overflowed across the Carpathians. They have their roots deep in history. Rumania herself is a political puzzle and it is very curious to find a Latin enclave in Eastern Europe surrounded on all sides by Slavs and Hungarians—for not only do Rumanians speak a Latin tongue and resembling Italian, but in spite of all admixture with Slavs and Turks and Phanariote Greeks, they express to this day strong signs of their Italian blood. Rumania is the modern descendant of Trajan's Roman army in Dacia, and the Romanization of the Rumanians in the Bukowina and Transylvania lies in the fact that Trajan's province included both these districts and was much larger in extent than the modern Kingdom of Rumania. But apart from this ancient tie, Rumanians set up a more modern claim to the Bukowina by the Kingdom of Rumania which was formerly Turkish. The Bukowina was once a part of Moldavia and indeed, Suczava in the Bukowina is once the Moldavian capital. When Austria-Hungary Turkey the Russians occupied the Bukowina in 1769, but they restored it to the Turks when peace was made in 1774. Austria had been much disturbed by this occupation and made great show of her anxiety for its restoration to Turkey. But this friendliness was by no means disinterested, for she promptly set up an intrigue with the Greek Church herself, and in 1777 the Porte redeemed it to her. Since then it has remained in Austrian hands.

Transylvania has been held under the Hungarian heel for nearly a thousand years. Once for a few brief years Michael the Brave, King of Wallachia, added it to his dominions, but Europe soon divided his independent kingdom by a wholesale bribery and corruption of the Turks, which brought him in apparently hopeless financial embarrassment. But Michael was not called brave for nothing. He summoned a creditors' meeting in his palace and then having shut the doors he burst it to the ground, making a clean sweep of Turks, Jews, account books, and all. Thereafter he invaded Hungary and conquered Transylvania, but when the peasantry revolted against their Hungarian landlords he sold his conquest back to them with the latter. Thus he lost the sympathy of his new subjects who were his only remaining kingdom by a swiftly lost his conquest.

Michael was assassinated in 1601 after a brief reign of eight years. You may see his statue in Bucharest today, for Rumania regards him as the creator of her national unity and perhaps her greatest national hero.

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Smart

Kindly Gent: Aren't you afraid of catching cold on a night like this, my lad?

Paper Boy: No, sir, I'm all right. Selling papers keeps up the circulation.

Small Grain Exhibits

The Influence for Better Crops Resulting from Fair Activities

The use of better seed offers one of the most effective methods for increasing the yield of farm crops. The work of seed improvement associations and individuals who carefully select their own seed, has resulted in the general use of better seed. Competition in producing and displaying crop products of high quality at agricultural fairs is another influence which should have an increasing benefit on the quality of seed planted. The influence for better crops resulting from fair activities would be greater if more persons exhibited their products and if greater care would be taken in the selection and preparation of exhibits.

A creditable exhibit of field crops should contain products which are typical of the district they represent. The crops comprising an exhibit should be harvested while in prime condition and should be of superior quality and worth. They also should be properly and tastefully arranged when placed on exhibit.

Professor E. G. Schafer, of the Washington Experiment Station, at Pullman, gives the following directions for the preparation of seed and sheaf exhibits:

Seed grain, wheat, oats and barley. Grain prepared for exhibit should be true to variety name. It should be harvested when it is mature but not over ripe. It should be threshed and the seed cleaned after harvest. Rain and other conditions of weather may cause discoloration. Usually grain should be reclaimed in order that all chaff and foreign matter may be removed. It should also be graded to remove very large and undersized kernals. Unless the rules of the fair specify otherwise, the sample should consist of one peck.

Sheaf grain, wheat, oats and barley should be harvested for sheaf exhibits as soon as the crop is mature and before it is thoroughly dry. Better exhibits will result if the grain is pulled and suspended by the roots until dry. At the time of preparing the exhibits the roots should be cut off and only those stalks which have full length of straw and well developed heads should be used. They should be bound in sheaves about four inches in diameter and tied in two places. A tape should be used in tying the sheaves as it is less likely to injure or break the straw than string. Black or white tape is best preferred and fancy ribbon should never be used in tying the sheaves. If the leaves are retained on the stems the exhibit will have a neater appearance.

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Boys In The War

Persistent Italian Boy Who Became a Real Corporal

The Italian army has the distinction of being the youngest army engaged in the war that has a corporal in its ranks. This corporal is a boy named Margutti, the lad in question, is but 13 years old and lived at Gaglianico before becoming a full-fledged soldier, and through his acquaintance with the army officers became familiar at once with the fighting forces of his country. One day he rode out to the trenches on the back of a mule with some argument, and was affectionately received by the soldiers who promised him a corporal's rank on the spot.

Proud of his newly gained distinction, the youngster returned to Biella and sewed his corporal bars on himself. He spent some time in the trenches and was present at the fighting, proving himself remarkably courageous before the onslaughts of the enemy.

The captain of Margutti's division came along to inspect the troops one morning and came upon a boisterous, the business-looking lad who stood erect, on guard, his rifle at his shoulder. Upon questioning the "hired hand" the boy answered: "I am fighting, sir." "What class do you belong to?" inquired the captain in a hurry. "Elementary class, sir," came the reply, "but I have been promoted corporal."

The officer could not refrain from laughing at this answer and took the brave youngster in his arms, kissing him affectionately. The child was sent back home, but he did not remain there long as the officer had promised to use his influence to get him back in the trenches, and he did. Margutti is now playing with the regular army, and is a real corporal.

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The Wall of Triple Steel

Had it not been for the impregnable wall of triple steel," the war would have been over before this. Germany would have triumphed and the terms of peace would have been signed. We and the dominions, and indeed, our allies and the neutral world, owe much to British seapower. Whatever may be Germany's naval policy now that Grand Admiral Tirpitz, the chief pirate, has gone, the debt of the civilized people to the British Navy and to its officers and men who serve under the White Ensign will not be lessened as the years roll on with separate us from our inevitable victory.—Editorial in London Telegraph.

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A Sign of the Times

The most convincing evidence of an approaching German debacle, however, is furnished by the outgivings of the Germans themselves. They would not be breathing sound and fury if they were so sure of the outcome as they profess to be. Their attitude is too theatrical to be convincing. It is a revelation, not of confidence, but of discouragement.—Philadelphia Ledger.

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A Simple Declaration

"What are your views on the tariff?"

"I'm for protection of everything that my constituents manufacture for sale," replied Senator Sorghum. "And I favor free trade for everything that they are compelled to buy for cash."—Washington Star.

GERMANY A FAILURE ALONG THE AVENUES OF REAL WORLD SERVICE

WHAT IS RESULT OF BOASTED GERMAN EFFICIENCY

In the Face of Her Gross Underestimation of Brave Little Belgium And of the Moral and Physical Resources of France, Great Britain, and Allies, Can Germany Be Called Efficient?

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Domestic Gas From Straw

Simple Plant to Use Up the Straw Pile and Supply Fuel and Light

The day of applying a match to the straw stack after threshing is over and thereby burning up a whole year's fuel is now passed, and from now on the farmer is likely to pay as much attention to the safeguarding of his straw as he does to his cattle and crops. From the straw stack, which has hitherto gone up in smoke, gas can now be extracted, and by a simple process that every farmer can cook, heat his house, light his residence, and run his engines into his own little gas plant right at his very back door, using the much-despised straw pile as a means to the end.

The Dominion By-Product and Research Society, of Moose Jaw, of which George Harrison, M.E., general manager of the Saskatchewan Bridge and Iron Works, is the leading spirit, has discovered and perfected a small gas works which will in the near future be manufactured in the city and installed on practically every quarter section throughout the country.

Mr. Harrison, the patentee, has obtained patent rights in Canada, the United States, Russia and the Argentine Republic. In an interview recently he said that no farmer will be without his own gas plant in the near future.

The exceedingly simple way in which the gas is produced guarantees the truth of this statement. One bale of straw, wheat, oats, barley or flax, is put into a cast-iron retort. The head is screwed tightly down and a small portion of straw is ignited in the firebox underneath. This produces the gas, which in turn passes out of the retort through another pipe, and from there finds its way into the gasometer. This one bale of straw will produce sufficient gas to do all the cooking, heating and lighting of a seven-roomed house, and it is the unanimous conclusion that now on, instead of the burning his straw stack as he has hitherto done, the farmer will, expected a bonfire, and through the efforts of the Research Society, conserve his straw and make it pay for itself, thus dispensing with the paying for and hauling of coal in the winter months.

Mr. Harrison and his associates have had the services of the well-known firm of Andrews and Cruickshanks, analytical chemists, employed in many different lines of industry in connection with the small gas plant, and experiments from that straw have been scientifically worked out by them in their laboratory at Leavenworth, Regina, and for some time past a miniature gas retort has been burning and most satisfactory results have been obtained.

According to the report of Dr. Andrews, five ounces of straw has produced sufficient gas to enable a 40-candle power mantle to burn six hours with a very white and highly illuminating flame.

The gasses extracted from the straw are also found good for heating, lighting and cooking, but can also be utilized for driving gas engines and all other farm machinery, and with the high soaring price for gas and light this welcome discovery will be of great interest to every farmer throughout the Dominion of Canada.—Moose Jaw Times.

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Salt For Live Stock

Feeding Too Freely Is Injurious to Animals

Samples of salt are occasionally sent to experimental stations by farmers for analysis, with the statement that some valuable cattle or sheep have been poisoned after eating it in considerable quantities. In no case has any foreign substance been found to account for the poisoning been found.

Since salt is necessary to life and is in universal use, it is difficult to realize that in large amounts it is poisonous. Many cases of poisoning in chickens have been reported, and occasionally in larger animals. In the case of chickens it was by mixing it too freely with soft food, and in cattle by using it too freely. If they were so sure of the outcome as they profess to be. Their attitude is too theatrical to be convincing. It is a revelation, not of confidence, but of discouragement.—Philadelphia Ledger.

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A Simple Declaration

"What are your views on the tariff?"

"I'm for protection of everything that my constituents manufacture for sale," replied Senator Sorghum. "And I favor free trade for everything that they are compelled to buy for cash."—Washington Star.

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British Soldiers as Farm Hands

In Cheshire, England, over one thousand soldiers are engaged as farm helps gathering in the harvest. On one large estate over fifty soldiers are employed. It is reported that, as a sequel to the discipline and vigor of training, the men swung the scythe as if it were play. In four days they had completed work that usually takes six days, and the officers acted as if the Crown is that at short intervals they keep up certain drill and study of instructions in tactics — that is where there are more than twelve men at work within a given area.

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Just for Fun

"Is she pretty?"

"I should say so. She's even good to look at when she's eating corn on the cob."—Detroit Free Press.

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No nation can long be called efficient which fails to advance the general life of humanity. As the war drags on, with its ever-increasing wake of ruin and irreparable loss, Germany is fast losing her "place in the sun," and stands as the "horrible example" of utter failure along the avenues of real world service. That she is powerful no one can deny; but that her strength is of the eternal type is daily becoming more doubtful. In a sense she has been deficient, but for fundamentally wrong purposes; and unless the unexpected happens she is bound to undermine her own foundations and find herself less respected and both morally and physically weaker than before the conquest of Alsace-Lorraine.

The war has progressed sufficiently far for one to turn the light of truth on German efficiency in the actual field of battle. Where is her boasted superiority? Most people think she has done surprisingly well as a fighting unit. The facts warrant an entirely different conclusion. Boasting of a marvellous secret service, and equipped and provided for a world war, she can never be called efficient in the face of her gross underestimation of little Belgium. Apparently expecting a triumphal march through Belgium and a speedy attack in force on the unprepared armies in France, this great "machine" was held up a full month by the despised Belgians, giving France and her allies an opportunity to marshal their strength and prepare for the conflict. Had Germany foreseen the immense strength of the Belgian national spirit, it is almost certain that she would not have attacked when she did. Surely such short-sightedness can never be called "efficiency."

What was Germany doing when she failed to understand the tremendous moral and physical resources of the British Empire? Living near neighbor to France for centuries, besides having innumerable spies throughout her territory, Germany apparently only counted fortifications and mines. Her philosophy was a wild confidence in steel and liquid fire, and she clearly discounted the moral and material asset of the world—the morale of any people. No doubt German military leaders had their plans perfected for a short and then a victorious peace. Behind her was the little Belgian, and shell into the invisible, indefinable and indestructible soul of France, and wonderful stuff it is, as Germany has had left this major war out of her calculations. Germany underrated the conquest of soul with Krupp guns and poisonous gas.

Think of Germany's blindness with regard to England. Great Britain had been the butt of German jokes for forty years. According to Prussia she was slow and notoriously lackadaisical in her preparations. But slowly awakening out of her lethargy, she now holds with bulldog tenacity one hundred fifty miles of French trenches, and is growing stronger every day. Her colonies, contrary to the German calculations, are absolutely loyal to her, and although they were not fully allowed to break out in Ireland the Nationalists, to the chagrin of Germany, with true Celtic sound, have stood firmly and fought bravely against Britain's foes. Germany failed to understand the temper of England. The two countries are entirely different in spirit, and Prussia apparently lacked only on the realistic side of Britain's defences, and failed to estimate the wonderful loyalty which prevailed throughout the British Empire.—New York Outlook.

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$2,708.56 for a Car of Wheat

Railway companies of recent years have increased the capacity of grain cars considerably. This along with the prices that have prevailed at times since the outbreak of the European war has made it possible to net large sums on individual car shipments.

In very few years ago a remittance of $1,000 would look big to any shipper. This year checks of over twice that amount are comparatively common. However, the highest return on a single car yet recorded was made by the Grain Growers' Grain Co., Ltd., of Winnipeg, on August 30, when a car from Travers, Alta., carrying 1,920 bushels 10 lbs., graded No. 1 Northern, with no dockage, and sold at $1.56. The check issued for this amount has been the largest in settlement was $2,708.56. There is little doubt but that this is the largest sum that has been received in the history of the Canadian West for any single shipment sold through the regular market channels.

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Home-made Barometer

A barometer which will indicate weather changes with reasonable accuracy may be made of two bottles. A wide mouthed bottle nearly filled with water is used as the container and a smaller bottle fitting snugly into the first is inverted in the middle of the milk bottle. The mouth of the inverted bottle should extend about an inch and a half above the water level. Weather changes will cause the water to rise and fall in the neck of the inverted bottle.

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"Am I good enough for you?" sighed the fond lover.

"No," said the girl, candidly, "you're not, but you are too good for any other girl.—New York Times.

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The Fond Mother (to adventurous offspring): Come away from the cliff, will yer! Do yer want to dash yerself to pieces in yer best suit?

THE OYEN NEWS

OYEN, ALBERTA.

A paper published every Wednesday, in the interests of Oyen and the surrounding districts.

Subscription in Canada $1.00 a year. United States and Foreign, $1.50 a year.

Legal Notices, are published at the rate of twelve cents a line for the first insertion and eight cents a line for each subsequent insertion, measured nine lines to the inch, including heading.

Classified Ads, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale etc. are published at the rate of eight cents a line for the first insertion and four cents a line for each subsequent insertion, with a minimum charge of 50 cents and 25 cents respectively.

Local notices, not coming under the head of classified ads., will be charged for at the rate of two cents a word.

Display advertising rates given on application.

Accounts are rendered monthly and are due when rendered.

Changes for Display advertising must be in this office by Monday noon for publication in the following Wednesday's issue.

Chas. L. Dunford, Editor.

Wednesday, Oct. 4th. 1916

G. H. Scott—Patriot

The tragic news of the death of G. H. Scott, received here on Saturday morning, cast a gloom over this community and brought home to us with terrible force the horrors of warfare.

To "Pay a tribute" to the men who have shed their life blood in upholding the principles and traditions of the Empire, seems to be a superfluous effort. The record of their deeds and their supreme sacrifice is imperishable and no verbal ornamentation can increase their glory. Yet we would venture to pay a tribute to this splendid life which has been given in the cause of Freedom.

To know G. H. Scott was a privilege: to be his friend was an honor, and as such we grieve for his loss. A man of sterling qualities and upright principles, fearless in expressing his opinions, yet kindly withal; he was beloved by all who knew him. When the call came to him it did not find him wanting. He gave up home, business and all that men hold dear, because he felt he was "doing the right thing." And now, we mourn a true patriot's loss.

With the personal grief of the bereaved ones left, we cannot concern ourselves, but our hearts bleed for them in the hour of their sadness, and we pray that when time has soothed their anguish they will find consolation in the fact that this gallant soldier leaves behind a record which all true men should be proud to emulate.

He lived a Man's life and died a Man's death.

They're Off

Acadia constituency is first in the alphabet and also apparently intends to be the first in its contributions to the Patriotic Fund as it as already remitted $1,115.00 toward the 1916-17 Patriotic Fund. The cheque was forwarded by Mr. Andrew Boyd of the Blood Indian Valley Association a few days ago. Other points which have also sent in creditable amounts to be applied on the new Fund are Red Deer $1,000, Coleman $720.86, Bellvue $360.30 Canmore $443.20, Blairmore $300.00 and Macleod $300.00. The generous donations already received augur well for the Patriotic Fund for the coming year, as the general campaign for contributions has not yet been started.

Pte. N. D. McFarlane Brother Of J. D. McFarlane Killed

J. D. McFarlane, manager of the Crown Lumber Company here, has received the sad news of the death of his brother, Pte. N. D. McFarlene, who was killed in action about the early part of last week.

Pte. McFarlane was a member of original "Fighting Tenth," and was one of the first battalion to leave this country for the front.

The Appointment of Directors For The National Service

The official announcement of the Directors of the National Service was made at Ottawa last Monday.

The duties of the Directors of the National Service will be to determine whether the services of men are of more value to the state in the employment in which they are engaged than if they enlisted for military service. In this and other matters they are to co-operate with the recruiting authorities. It will also be the duty of the Director to make himself acquainted with the number of men of military age fit for military service and to take all expedient measures for the purpose recruiting within his district.

Parents or Friends

We shall be pleased to receive for publication Letters sent to Relatives or Friends in Oyen and district by Soldiers or Sailors now serving their King and Country—on Land or at Sea.

Bertawan Municipality

Regular Meeting

Meeting of Council held at Sibbald, on Saturday, Aug. 26, at 10 a.m. Present:—Reeve Denton, Councillors Baker, Houston, Richardson, Trewin and Young.

Reports were heard from Road Committees on roads on the West line of the Municipality that had been inspected.

The Secretary was instructed to write to the Department regarding the responsibility of the Municipality in case of accidents on fences erected on road diversions by the Municipality.

The following accounts were past and paid—

G. B. Speers	$ 4.00
Denton Bros.	42.04
McGregor	3.65
J. Booth	2.25
Acheson Hardware Co.	32.60
Geo. Dittman	30.00
J. J. Booth	2.25
Rogers Lumber Yards	33.55

Moved by Houston that Paysheet sent in by Jas. Hall as follows be passed.

Jas. R. Young for work done 1915 $16.00

A letter was read from Roy Clemens, of Cereal Municipality re a proposal to establish a hospital, to be supported by adjacent municipalities. The project was not looked upon with favor by the Council, and the Secretary was instructed to write to Mr. Clemens to that effect.

The Secretary was instructed to notify the Dept. of Education re gravel pit being excavated on their land on Section 11-28-2, and also to notify the Department that the Municipality had expropriated land for a road diversion on 29-29-2.

On motion of Houston council adjourned.

187th Battalion need a few more Men

It is generally expected that the 187th Veterans' Battalion will soon be going overseas and in anticipation of this event a last strong bid is being made for recruits.

Here is a grand opportunity to get into a splendid battalion. Obey that noble impulse and enlist now.

J. K. Spooner is Fined

J. K. Spooner, of Merryland, was convicted of practicing as a Veterinary Surgeon, contrary to the Veterinary Act of the province, on Monday afternoon. The case was heard in the R. N. W. M. P. barracks by J. Ps. Tupper and Snell, while Dr. McCord, V. S. of Edmonton, the secretary of the Veterinary Association of Alberta, prosecuted.

The defendant did not appear personally but sent a letter to the court admitting the offence. A fine of $20 with $46 costs was imposed.

Patriotic Rally for Acadia Constituency

A Grand Patriotic Rally will be held at Chinook on Friday, October 20th, when ways and means for raising funds will be discussed, and the territories of each local branch defined.

The public meeting, which is scheduled to take place at 8 p.m. will be preceeded by an Executive meeting, at which it is hoped a large and representative gathering will be present. The Executive meeting will commence at 5 p. m.

The following speakers will be present at both meetings are G. M. Tweedie, M. P. P. of Calgary, President of the Association, Hon. Duncan Marshall, Minister of Agriculture, J. M. Carson, General Organizer, J. A. McColl, M. L. A. and others. A musical program will be arranged by Miss Florence White and Mrs. J. R. Miller.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

F. C. McClean
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public
Money To Loan
Oyen, Alberta Canada

H. C. Swartzlander M. D.
PHYSICIAN
McArthur Block OYEN, ALTA.

John P. Kerr
Veterinary Surgeon
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College.
Main St. Oyen, Alta

Griffiths, Ford, Wright & Miller
Barristers, Solicitors
Notaries, Conveyancers etc.
Youngstown, Alberta
F.W. Griffiths, D.C.L., C. J. Ford, B.A.; LL.L., Counsel and Solicitor for the City of Calgary, C. M. Wright B.A. L.L.B., L. H. Miller L.L. B.

J. J. Kelly, L. L. B.
Barrister, Solicitor and Notary Public
Money to Loan
Oyen, - Alberta

JOHN OSZUST
Well Driller and Contractor
"Gets water where others fail"
Oyen, - Alberta

Speed and Endurance

Snyder, Oklahoma

CHEVROLET WON TWICE

In the automobile races at Snyder, Oklahoma, Tuesday and Wednesday a Chevrolet 490 car, sold by Carr & Pritchard to Joseph Roark, of Snyder, won first prize both days—an indication that the Chevrolet has both speed and endurance.

The course was 10½ miles in length, starting from a dead stop in Snyder, making two square turns in the town and running five miles north, then turning in the road and running back over the course. Twelve bridges and culverts were crossed in the course. The first day the Chevrolet finished a mile and a half a head of the only other car that stayed in the race, finishing in 13 minutes and 12 seconds. The second day the course was covered in 12 minutes and 42 seconds, cars of three other makes being entered.—Frederick Leader, Oklahoma.

Get Yours At—

RED SENTRY GARAGE

SPAULDING & MARSHALL, Props.

CLASSIFIED ADS.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—A Doherty Organ in first class condition. Terms or cash. Apply—Oyen News Office.

FOR SALE—Mare and Gelding, weighing 1200 and 1400 lbs. Also waggon, harness and rack. Terms and price reasonable. The horses may be seen with Adam's threshing outfit, south of Oyen.

FOR SALE—The Oyen Hotel: Immediate possession can be given. Anyone interested in a proposition of this kind will do well to inquire at once. $5,000 cash and terms arranged for balance. Apply to W. F. Bickett.

WANTED

LADY TEACHER WANTED—to begin duties at once in private family to teach two children. R. S. Gravett, Gold Springs, Alberta

LOST

LOST—One dark bay gelding, age between 5 and 6. Tony mark on left side. Branded $\frac{I}{C}$ on left shoulder, a $\frac{I}{C}$ on left hip, 2 white hind legs above fetlocks. Weight 950 to 1000 Leather halter and rope on when last seen. Reward offered for information leading to recovery. Simon Crowley, 35-29-5 w of 4th.

STRAYED

STRAYED—on 30-22-6 west of 4th; one brown horse, age about 12 yrs, stripe on face, one white hind and fore foot. Weight about 1400 lbs. Brand H on right thigh. Mrs. Olive Howe, Gold Springs, Alberta

STRAYED—on to NW 30-25-5, Sept. 6th., one black horse branded JX on left shoulder, and B or an R within circle on left hip. Owner may have same by paying expense. Sam McKee, Sunnydale, Alberta

OYEN METHODIST CHURCH

Next Sunday

Preaching Service	7.30p.m
Sunday School	2.30 p. m.
Benton School	3.00 p. m
Brays	11 a.m

Rev. S. D. Webster, Pastor

Sacred Heart Church.

Regular services will be held First and third Sunday in each month at 10.30a.m.

Rev. W. R. Dargan.

Acadia Delicatessen

GROCERIES—We receive shipments of good, wholesome Groceries every few days. This insures a fresh stock always on hand.

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If you are thirsty we have Soft Drinks.

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J. McKenzie, Proprietor.
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Canadian Made Shoes With a world wide reputation

For over thirty years
The Sign of the Slate
has built up shoe business and gathered public confidence in its wake wherever and whenever displayed. North, South East and West it stands in the minds of the public for Known Value in Shoes

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Rogers Lumber Company's Announcement

We have a full stock of Lumber and Builders' supplies in our new yard in Oyen. If you contemplate building a House, Barn, Implement shed or Granary, we will be delighted to give you an estimate and to show you modern plans.

Our Yard is located on the same block as the McKenzie Livery. You can not help but find it as all the ones in need of the best "Quality Goods" will be coming here.

Rogers Lumber Company, Ltd.
C. G. Corbman, Manager

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When you require lumber get it at the Beaver.

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A FULL LINE OF
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Call and examine our goods and get our prices.

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We invite the banking accounts of business people, corporations and societies, also private and savings accounts.

All customers of The Bank of Toronto are assured every courtesy and attention, and the modern Banking Service which this progressive Bank, with ample resources, wide connections and extensive facilities, is well qualified to give.

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Fred Morrison
Jack Curry
Wm. Brooks
Jack Pittman
Charles L. Dunford
Frederic Holgate
L. A. Whitlock

Additional Local News

The average wheat yield will be about twenty-five bushels to the acre in Western Canada.

Mrs. William McAllister, of Oyen, Alberta, is spending a few days in the City.—Saskatoon Phoenix.

See us before placing your order for beef, as we are giving a special cut price on all cuts of beef during the threshing season.—H. C. Westby.

Dr. H. Swartzlander made a professional trip to Alsask yesterday.

H. C. Westby is now buying green salted hides at 12cts. lb.

Capt. and Mrs. J. Naismith were visiting their daughter, Mrs. G. H. Scott during the week-end.

Thresherman and Farmer, buy your Alarm Clock at the Jewelry store. They are personally guaranteed.

Do you want careful and reliable dental work? Latest methods in making crowns, gold inlays and artificial teeth. See Dr. Taylor, Alsask. Go any day.

We are agents for The Ontario Steam Laundry, Calgary. Bring your laundry on Mondays and call for it the following Saturday. All work guaranteed.—The Oyen Clothing Company.

THE MARKET

Prices Paid at The Elevators

Wheat,	No. 1 Northern	1.48
	No. 2 "	1.45
	No. 3 "	1.40
Flax		1.95
Oats		.42
Barley		.59

W. H. Logan

Returned Veterans
M. M. McDonald
George Weir

Died of Wounds
Lieut. G. H. Scott
H. Adshead

The Oyen Billiard Hall

We are building an addition to the Billiard Hall which will accomodate another Snooker table and an American billiard table.

We carry at all times a large and well assorted stock of Tobaccos, Cigars, Cigarettes, Candies, etc, and serve all kinds of Soft drinks.

Chas. A. Wilson . . . . Proprietor

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$6.50 a ton

For a square deal, sell your grain and buy your coal and wood at the Acadia Grain Co.

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Prompt and Reliable Work at a Reasonable Price

The demand is here and must be supplied. We help you with our big advertising campaign. People are enthused over this musical innovation. Sales' possibilities are immense. Our arrangements are liberal. You must act promptly as territory is being rapidly taken up. Write or wire.

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The Nightingale of Phonographs

Room Nineteen
— BY —
FLORENCE WARDEN
WARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED
London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued)

It was in vain the clerk insisted that his employer was out. Finally, as Mabin seated herself on a cane-bottomed chair and said she would wait till Mr. Fryer came in, the clerk went up to her and said rapidly, in a low voice—

"If you must see him, I'll let you in. But I do beg you won't get me into trouble by mentioning what happened here yesterday. Mr. Fryer doesn't know anything about it, he doesn't, indeed."

"I won't promise anything," said the girl drily, "except this—that unless I am satisfied before I leave here as to what has become of the man who was attacked here yesterday, I shall go straight to the nearest police station when I get outside."

The clerk stood back a few steps and regarded her with an expression in which malignity mingled with consternation. Then, seeing that she remained quite unmoved, he suddenly turned away and plunged into the middle office without another word.

It seemed a long time before he came out again, and meanwhile Mabin sat with her heart beating very fast, wondering what was going to happen. Would she be allowed to see Mr. Fryer? And if so, would she recognise his voice as that of the assailant of the man with the fair beard?

If she did recognise it, she was determined, unless she were told where to find him, to give information at once about what had taken place in the office on the previous day.

She was kept waiting a long time, and meanwhile she could hear the faint sound of low-pitched voices conversing with excitement. At last the clerk came out again, and stood back with the door wide open for her to enter.

Trembling very much, Mabin went into the middle room.

Standing behind his writing table, with a sheaf of papers in one hand, with the busy look of a man who is impatient of interruption, was Mabin saw a dark-complexioned man under middle age, inclined to be stout. He wore a single eyeglass, was dressed with scrupulous care, and looked prosperous and even smart.

At the same time there was something about him which she did not like, a look which made her wonder whether he was trustworthy.

He bowed curtly and with a frown, spoke rather stiffly.

"You wished to see me? What is your business? I shall be glad if you will make it as short as you can, as I have an appointment to keep."

But for the first few moments Mabin could not answer. She was too much confused and perplexed by what she heard. Listening intently for the first sound of his voice, in order to tell whether it was to whom she had heard conversing with the stranger of the fair beard, she was at first disappointed.

Certainly this was not the man who had been the assailant on the previous day.

But as he went on speaking she caught certain inflections which, although they did not make the identity as to her belief that he was not the man who had attacked the stranger, reminded her of the voice she had heard, and made her ask herself whether he might be a relation of the guilty man.

Mabin recovered her self-possession almost immediately, and answered Mr. Fryer's question.

"I came yesterday in answer to an advertisement for a typist," she said. He cut her short.

"Oh, yes. But I've already engaged a young lady for the post."

"I know. I was going to say that, while I was here, there was a brutal attack made upon a man in this room while I was in that one." She pointed to the inner door. "Have you heard anything about it?"

The frown cleared away from his face, and Mr. Fryer began to move nervously.

"I don't know anything about that," he said. "It must have happened when I was away. I was not in town yesterday."

"It was serious," said Mabin, now quite collected and determined to be heard. "The poor man who was attacked was badly hurt. When I left this office he was lying on the ground either unconscious or dead."

"Really? I'm not answerable for anything that goes on here while I'm away," said Mr. Fryer, who showed increasing restlessness and betrayed every moment some sign that he knew a great deal more about the story than she did. "If anything so very serious had happened here something would have come to my ears. I should think. Now I'm afraid I must ask you to excuse me, unless you have anything more to say which concerns me."

"I have nothing more to say," said Mabin. And then she added in a low voice, as she turned to the door: "here."

"What do you mean?"

But although he came round the table to the door as if with the intention of detaining her, she had made her escape. Opening the door so quickly that she caught the clerk at the keyhole, Mabin walked out as quickly as she could, not heeding the fact that Mr. Fryer and his clerk were watching her, and conferring in whispers at the outer door of the office as she ran towards the stairs.

She got home as quickly as she could, and poured out her story to her mother.

Mrs. Wrest was watching the little boy from the window of the back room, which was the bedroom she shared with her daughter.

"Do you know," cried the elder lady, all smiles, as Mabin came in, "that I've found out what the boy's name is! It is Julius. And I'm quite sure, Mabin, that he comes of nice people. He has the most beautiful manners! He's a dear child!"

Mabin sat down disheartened.

"Mama," she said, "I've had a dreadful morning. I went to the hotel and they've heard nothing, seen nothing. Then I went to this Mr. Fryer's office, and made inquiries there. The clerk told me that he didn't know the name of the man who was attacked. And Mr. Fryer said he had heard nothing at all about it."

Mrs. Wrest was half alarmed, half relieved.

"I must confess," she said, "that I'm not sorry to be able to keep the dear little fellow a little longer. But of course we must find out who his people are."

Mabin sprang to her feet.

"Yes, but how?" cried she. "It's plain I can get no help from the people at the office. The clerk said he walked away quite well, but of course that's not true. If he had been well, he would have gone back to the hotel where he had left his little son."

Alarm got into the upper hand in Mrs. Wrest's mind.

"Unless he wanted to get rid of the child," said quickly. "Those things are sometimes done."

Mabin answered with fire.

"Not by such a nice man as that. He could think of nothing but his boy, his only trouble was about him. No, Mama, what I'm afraid is that the poor man died there."

"Oh, nonsense! How could they carry a dead body out of a city office without anyone hearing about it? Why, such a thing would have been in all the papers!" said Mrs. Wrest.

"Yes, so I should have thought. But the question is: if that didn't happen, what did? He was lying unconscious, with a wounded head, in that office yesterday. Today there's no trace of what happened, and they try to make me believe that nothing did happen."

Her mother looked disturbed.

"It's very awkward," she murmured, "to be mixed up in any with a mystery about a child."

"I don't mind that," said Mabin, whose whole mind was absorbed by the recollection of the incidents of the strange episode. "What is troubling me is the thought of what has been done to the man to whom

"What is troubling me," said her mother, "is what is to become of this poor child."

Mabin turned to her mother a resolute face.

"I am going to the nearest police station," she said, "to tell all that I know."

"You are going to do nothing of the sort," said Mrs. Wrest promptly. "Do you really understand what it would mean to be mixed up in a scandal of that sort? You—and I—and an unknown child! Who would believe you? With the men at the office standing together, as they do, and swearing they knew nothing about it, what could the police or anybody do? I forbid you to whisper a word of this thing to the police or to anybody."

"Mama, I insist. I can't rest till I find out what became of that poor man."

Her mother considered.

"Will you promise to say nothing about this to anybody?" she said, "if I go and see your uncle about it?"

Mabin rose slowly to her feet.

She knew her uncle and his leisurely, deliberate ways.

"Yes," she said, "you can go to him and tell him all about it. But in the meantime, Mama, I am going down to Monford myself, to try to find this friend Hill, the address on the torn letter, and this dreadful cousin the boy was going to."

"You'd much better wait and see what your uncle says," pleaded the mother anxiously. "There is some ugly story connected with this, you know. Perhaps it was a murder!"

"That's just what I think. But I can't rest till I've found out all about it."

(To Be Continued.)

No Astrological Hope for Kaiser

The remainder of the year holds out no hope of any revival of the German Emperor's fortunes. The planets are uniformly threatening. Saturn coming to the conjunction of the Dragon's Tail (the Moon's South node) close to his Ascendant in September, and the Sun arriving at the conjunction of Neptune by primary direction of a month or two later. The stationary position of Jupiter in Britain's ruling sign, Aries, in December next, in trine with its own place, in King George's horoscope, is encouraging as regards the prospect of complete victory and final peace as the year draws to a close.—Occult Review.

"How are the incubators getting along?" asked a friend of his neighbor, who had recently bought some.

"Why, all right, I suppose; but, although I have had them for two weeks now, not one of the four has laid an egg yet."

Sore Eyes Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c. per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Free ask Druggists or Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

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Rumania In History

Her Place in European History Has Always Been an Honorable One

Though Rumania up to the nineteenth century does not appear to have played a conspicuous part in the advance of civilization, her place in European history is an honorable one, and, if less spectacular than those of her neighbors, her achievements have proved of supreme value. By their stubborn resistance to the Ottoman invaders, Rumanians, in common with the other peoples inhabiting Central Europe, made possible that stability and security that enabled Western civilization to develop, and, although they came under the sway of the Turks, yet the Rumanians, by their determined stand, broke the power of the Turkish Moslem invaders, that they were unable to carry on the fight.

Rozovo is a name sacred to all the Balkan nations that resisted Turkish rule. It was in 1389 that Mircea the Elder, Prince of Wallachia, led the united Balkan armies against the Turks. The battle was lost; the vanquished were placed under tribute, but their fight against their conquerors was carried on for centuries. Like a great breakwater, these little nations held the Ottoman waves in check, and left western Europe free to forge ahead untrammeled by the fear of Moslem incursions. Until 1877 the tribute imposed five centuries earlier, following the battle of Rozovo, was the basis of the relations between Rumania and Turkey. Unlike Hungary, which for over a century was a Turkish province, the Rumanian provinces never fell completely under the sway of the conqueror. Under the suzerainty of Turkey, however, Rumania became a mere pawn in the politics of the great European powers. She lost Bukowina to Austria in 1775, and Bessarabia to Russia in 1812. The jealousies of the European powers alone kept Rumania and Turkey. Unlike Hungary, which for over a century was a Turkish province, the Rumanian provinces never fell completely under the sway of the conqueror. Under the suzerainty of Turkey, however, Rumania became a mere pawn in the politics of the great European powers. She lost Bukowina to Austria in 1775, and Bessarabia to Russia in 1812. The jealousies of the European powers alone kept Rumania and Turkey. Unlike Hungary, which for over a century was a Turkish province, the Rumanian provinces never fell completely under the sway of the conqueror. Under the suzerainty of Turkey, however, Rumania became a mere pawn in the politics of the great European powers. She lost Bukowina to Austria in 1775, and Bessarabia to Russia in 1812. The jealousies of the European powers alone kept Rumania and Turkey. Unlike Hungary, which for over a century was a Turkish province, the Rumanian provinces never fell completely under the sway of the conqueror. Under the suzerainty of Turkey, however, Rumania became a mere pawn in the politics of the great European powers. She lost Bukowina to Austria in 1775, and Bessarabia to Russia in 1812. The jealousies of the European powers alone kept Rumania and Turkey. Under Prince Carol, who was related to the King of Prussia and to Napoleon III., Rumania maintained a bolder front against partition and for her own independence. Ever since then has done much to keep alive Rumanian suspicions. At the close of the first Balkan campaign, 1910-11, Bulgarian official documents referred to the Dobrogea, which was Rumanian territory, as a "Bulgaria Irredenta." The double dealing of the Central Powers in the last Balkan war detached Rumania. Dreading the increasing influence of Germany in Bulgaria, Rumania turned to Russia.

The present war finds Rumania in a position favorable to the accomplishment of her most cherished dream—the inclusion under one flag of all Rumanians. Transylvania is the cradle of the Rumanian nation. In Bukowina are all Rumanian provinces, not given to change, have preserved all the customs and characteristics of their Rumanian origin, and the language. In Transylvania, despite Magyar oppression, the Rumanians form a majority. Deeply antipathetic to Germany, Rumania had not time to recover from the loss of Russian influence over the Bosphorus when the European war called for a decision as to her attitude. Moreover, the supply of all her war materials was in the hands of Krupps when the war broke out. Hence Cabinet and an opportunist Premier declared for neutrality.

While the Roumanians of Transylvania were forced to fight in the Hungarian regiments against Russia, statecraft in Rumania turned to questions of trade. But the cry of Transylvania could not for ever go unheeded. With Bulgaria on the side of the Central Powers, the people of Rumania recalled the words of Prince Carol, addressed to Bismarck in 1880, "Rumania will only be menaced by a real danger when a Great Bulgaria comes into existence." It is "Rumania Irredenta" against "Bulgaria Irredenta."

Another Theory Shattered

A study of history will show that we may, with an easy conscience, dismiss the theory of Treitschke that war is a health-giving tonic which Providence must be expected constantly to offer to the human race for its own good. Apart altogether from the hopes we entertain for the ideal of Peace, from the progress of humanity is to be sought, through the strifes and hatreds of the nations, but rather by their friendly co-operation in the healing and enlightening works of peace, and in the growth of a spirit of friendship and mutual confidence which removes the causes of war.—The Atlantic Monthly.

"Isn't what they call 'the approach' an important consideration in golf?"

"Very important. You've got to have the kind of a job that will permit you to approach the golf links early in the afternoon."—Washington Star.

A Hint to Chase Himself

Sapplejack: Am I walking too fast for you, Miss Ethel?

Miss Bright: Oh, no; you may run to you like.

Starving Syria

Christian Natives Have Been Bitterly Persecuted Since the War Began

This year marks the 400th anniversary of the conquest of Syria by the Turks, but the inhabitants are certainly not in a mood for celebrating the event. Hard as was their lot before the entrance of Turkey into the war, the Syrians are now called upon to face conditions a hundredfold worse. Nearly all of the able-bodied men have been forced into the Turkish army, where their lot is a miserable one, since they are clothed in rags and given only small quantities of food. The Christian natives of Syria have been bitterly persecuted since the war began, large numbers having been deported, while many have been hanged or shot. In the northern part of Syria vast numbers of people have died of starvation—the estimates ranging from 50,000 to 100,000. The typhus epidemic of the last few months has also added to the horrors of Syrian life. The offer of help from the United States, tendered to the Turkish government this month, has been refused. The American charge at Constantinople informed that relief operations were unnecessary in Syria because crops there were better than anywhere else in the empire. While this is true as far as it goes, the Turkish government permits the Syrians to retain very little food for themselves, the greater part of the crops being taken over for the army. The Turks have held Syria ever since 1516, except for the brief period in the latter part of the eighteenth century when that country was overrun by the French under Napoleon. There have been many insurrections against the Turkish rule in the last century, but all of them have been ruthlessly suppressed.

German Airman Lauds Bravery of the British

Says They Carry Out Peace Time Manoeuvres and Are Indifferent to All Dangers

A tribute to British airmen was recently published in the Neueste Nachrichten of Kiel, the article having been written, it was stated, by a wounded aviator of the German air service, who was then convalescing from wounds received on the French front. This is what the German airman wrote:

"We had hard days at La Maisonnette. Thence we could see seventeen captive balloons simultaneously. They were close together in groups, so it made no difference when some blazed up and sank.

"We could quite well see our airmen fly over them and squirt something at one until black smoke arose and the whole balloon turned round and waggled down. But all the rest held on at their posts. They were smart fellows, and unfortunately their observation was only too good.

"In comparison to numbers of enemy airmen exceeded anything seen or experienced in this war. By 3.30 p.m. there were already flying, and chiefly crossed with the greatest coolness in the midst of our fire. They fly so low that we can make out the smallest details with the naked eye. Their airmen carry out peace-time manoeuvres, and are indifferent in all dangers. They even shoot at us in our holes and trenches with machine guns, and when they want to find our bombproofs they come down still lower, until actually within pistol shot.

"Many of them have been shot down, and when their photographs have been developed we have been able to distinguish the entrances to our shelters. Their artillery has much to thank them for."

A Two Irishmen were working on a farm. When dinner-time came they were called to dine off a large basin of broth. The farmer's wife had only one spoon, so she gave Pat a fork. Poor Pat was getting nothing while Mike was very busy. When the latter got one-third gone Pat said: "Arrah, now, Mike, you dig a bit now and I'll shovel."

Veterinary Report

The report of the Veterinary Director-General for the year ending March 31, 1915, published by the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, has just been issued. It contains very valuable information regarding the health of farm animals and also various economic experiments in connection with those, that have been made during the year.

Statistics are given also concerning diseases formed at establishments under inspection. Of animals slaughtered at these establishments 3,560,015 were passed by the inspectors and 15,912 were condemned. Total number of carcasses condemned was 1,158,962.

In this volume are also contained provincial reports dealing with subjects of interest to all livestock men and mixed farmers.

There is also a long and exhaustive article on the scaring of foxes, which is of interest to men engaged in this industry, and also to those who wish to engage in it or who desire general information on the subject.

Train Animals To Accomplish Strange Jobs

Intelligent Animals Trained to Perform Many Services

Many strange and unexpected cases are on record in which animals and birds have proved themselves useful to mankind, very often serving their masters more reliably than many human beings would do under similar conditions, says Answers.

At times of stress like the present such dumb servants have proved themselves particularly useful, a good instance in point being provided by the case of a resident in the West of England, who recently lost his gardener through the man enlisting. The master was confronted by the problem of his lawn about which he had always been very particular, for the grass quickly threatened to make his once trim grounds look very much like a wilderness.

Then he hit upon a brilliant idea. Wiring off the ground, he turned down a dozen guinea pigs, which promptly proceeded to nibble away at the grass as evenly and neatly as any mowing machine could have done, much to their master's delight.

Similarly, an east end tradesman lately found himself short handed though this man hit upon a solution to the problem.

He happened to possess a pet parrot, and this bird he placed in the outer part of his shop and trained it to call "Shop!" whenever anyone entered by way of the street door.

The parrot very quickly learned his lesson, with the result that its master was no longer obliged to spend all his time on the lookout for customers, but could attend to other matters, knowing he could count upon his new assistant to warn him of anybody's approach.

The intelligence of dogs is known to everyone, but a dog as a golf caddie is somewhat of a novelty, as you will admit. Nevertheless, the animal in his humble capacity has but a real caddie, which works on the links of a widely known course. Besides carrying clubs, the dog proves himself very useful in the matter of discovering lost golf balls, nosing about until he is successful.

Then there is another dog, in one of the London suburbs, which helps his master in a very different way. When told to do so, this clever collie will trot off and collect the eggs, which it brings back in its mouth, one by one, laying them at its master's feet without even cracking the slightest shell.

Few people would guess that such insignificant little fish as sticklebacks could be of any real service to men. But as a matter of fact, these fish actually play the role of life savers in certain circumstances.

It may surprise you to know that the value of the white mouse has even been recognized in an official report. This took the form of a recommendation that white mice should be supplied for use in mines as a test of the purity of the subterranean air.

They are kept in cases, and being, very sensitive to any change in the atmosphere, they give the miners by their movements when danger is approaching. When the mice begin to exhibit any unusual discomfort or distress the miners know it is time to get away before they are overtaken by poisonous vapors, and many a catastrophe has been averted by this means.

In the tropical countries of the world all sorts of animals are called into service for mankind. Monkeys, with their almost human intelligence, are made much use of, while certain kinds of snakes are employed in much the same way as we keep cats—to rid the houses of mice.

In the war has made one strange spectacle possible in England. In Sheffield an elephant may be seen drawing heavy loads along the streets.

How Does Ivy Cling to the Wall?

At first, when a little plant with a brittle stem and leaves of three or five lobes. As it grows the stem becomes less brittle, and it finds nothing to which to cling it creeps along the ground, sending down tufts of fibrous roots. These roots, however, appear only when they can be actually used to the advantage of the plant. If the ivy climbs a wall, its stem throws out a number of tufted fibres, or claspers, by the help of which the plant can cling to the wall. These claspers are really modified roots, and do not penetrate the wall, but merely cling in sucker fashion to the irregularities of the surface. They are produced from all the parts of the stem nearest to the wall, but if the ivy is creeping along the ground the claspers, being useless, are not produced at all. The tufts of fibrous roots which the plant throws out when it is growing on the ground are not only found on the parts of the stem that are opposite to the leaves.

They were homeward-bound from church.

"According to the minister's sermon this morning, said Mrs. Enpeck, "there is to be no marrying or giving in marriage in heaven. Do you believe that?"

"Well, I have no reason to doubt it," answered Enpeck. "I'm not going to be sent to heaven."

The Sunday Dinner

Elaborate Demand of Husband for Display Should Be Curbed

It is a matter of considerable question which is the hardest workday of the week—Monday, the almost universal washing day; Saturday, the cleaning day, or Sunday, the day of rest. In the vast majority of well-cared-for families, the members of which attend church and Sunday school with systematic regularity, Sunday after "meeting" is considered more or less somewhat of a gala occasion, so far as the table is concerned. The good man of the house expects a fine roast, an elaborate display of the substantials and a fancy dessert as a recognition of the day. The help in the kitchen naturally demand a day of rest and usually take it in the afternoon. So the tired house-mother must battle with the serving and debris of this elaborate dinner single-handed or at best with a reduced quota of servants. Is this quite fair?

HELP FOR WORKING WOMEN

Some Have to Keep on Until They Almost Drop. How Mrs. Conley Got Help.

Here is a letter from a woman who had to work, but was too weak and suffered too much to continue. How she regained health:—

Frankfort, Ky.—"I suffered so much with female weakness that I could not do my own work, and had to hire it done. I heard so much about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound so I tried it. I took three bottles and I found it to be all you claim. Now I feel as well as ever I did and am able to do all my work again. I recommend it to any woman suffering from female weakness. You may publish my letter if you wish."—Mrs. James Conley, 516 St. Clair St., Frankfort, Ky.

No woman suffering from any form of female trouble should lose hope until she has given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fair trial.

This famous remedy, the medicinal ingredients of which are derived from native roots and herbs, has for forty years proved to be a most valuable tonic and invigorator of the female organism.

All women are invited to write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for special advice,—it will be confidential.

The Lights Of 65 Years Ago

Are still doing duty in the shape of

Eddy's Matches

Sixty-five years ago the first Canadian-made Matches were made at Hull by Eddy and since that time, for materials and striking qualities, Eddy's have been the acknowledged best.

When Buying Matches Specify "Eddy's."

No Nutrition in "Straw Bread"

The "utter futility" of using ground straw in making bread, as suggested by German doctors, has been proved effectually by a severe test made by Dr. N. Zunst, the eminent Berlin physiologist. The journal of the American Medical Association says:

"His experimental subject was a pig, an omnivorous animal the most likely than man to exhibit a favorable digestive response to a crude food product. No use was this all. The large bulk of the straw induces secretion through the alimentary tract, resulting in an actual loss rather than a gain of protein to the body."

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

MADE IN CANADA

Used for making hard and soft soap, for softening water, for cleaning, disinfecting and for over 500 other purposes.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

E.W.GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED

Song Birds Remain With Allied Guns

War Has Curious Psychological Effects on Animals and Birds

Some curious and interesting observations upon the psychological effect produced on animals by the detonations of big guns have been recently made. The animals considered are the horses and dogs used for military purposes, and the game in the area of warfare. It was noticed soon after the beginning of the war that the latter began to migrate into Luxemburg, Switzerland, and the portions of France and Belgium not the seat of hostilities.

The first to flee was the "black game" (a term which includes the wild boar, the badger, and the bear), whose senses are specially acute. Then the roebuck and the red deer followed; but, strange to say, the hare, whose timidity is proverbial, continued to occupy its usual territory. The larger birds likewise, such as the grouse, the pheasant, the seagle, and the wild duck, were driven away by the heavy firing.

Strange to say, the wolf, which was expected to regain lost ground in the present war, has shown itself very gun-shy. Another curious fact is that the song-birds, such as the lark, the thrush, and the finch, have not been driven away by the thunder of the cannon and continue to hold their nests and sing their songs in their accustomed haunts. Other birds which remain unfrightened are various kinds of owls, falcons, sparrow-hawks, crows, etc.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

Keen After Wool

Thirty-seven cents for medium scobbing firsts in Saskatchewan is going some. It is the best record so far on the American continent for range wool. You can hardly call the Saskatchewan product anything else for it has a range foundation behind it even though the flocks may not be termed strictly range sheep. And who do you suppose were the buyers? No other than Swift and Co., the Chicago packers. The packers in the wool game—what next! When buyers can pay that figure for western stuff, the eastern men who sold for 35 will feel kind of small.—Sheep Breeder, Chicago.

In the Western Provinces it is said that one in four of the owners of farm lands lives outside the municipality in which his land is located, and of these, one in seven lives outside the province. Over one-half of the urban land is held by absentees—that is, by persons living outside the Municipality.

Grape-Nuts

Gets Attention--

First, because of its wonderfully delicious flavor—

Then again, because it is ready to eat—fresh and crisp from the package.

But the big "get attention" quality is its abundance of well-balanced, easily digestible nourishment.

For sound health, every table should have its daily ration of Grape-Nuts.

"There's a Reason"

Canadian Postum Cereal Co. Ltd. Windsor, Ont.

Cardinal Mercier

Patriotic Belgian Whom the German Invaders Cannot Intimidate

Cardinal Mercier is a thorn in the side of the Germans. He cannot be browbeaten. He is the only man in Belgium whose mouth cannot be sealed. On July 21, the 80th anniversary of Belgian independence, the 85th of the ascension of a Belgian king to the throne, the cardinal, addressing a vast audience of Belgians in Brussels, in the presence of General von Bissing, the German governor-general, predicted the approach of "the day of deliverance," and urged his people to renew their courage, their faith in Belgium free from the foreign invader.

Helplessly the German officers allowed him to continue. As long as he did not urge resistance to German authority, they had to listen to his forecast of the triumphant day when King Albert would receive his capital, and to witness the satisfaction of the people whose thoughts he was interpreting. Death, imprisonment would seal the cardinal's lips, but he knows that he is safe from both, that either would do more harm to the Belgian, more harm to the German cause than even his unrestricted utterances. So the cardinal has made himself the mouthpiece of the Belgian people, the spokesman of their silent feelings, the representative of their uncrushed nationality, and his voice is heard around the world.—Detroit News.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors pronounced it a local disease, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts through the blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Cure fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

"I've tried to teach my boy the value of money."

"Good thing!"

"Well, I don't know. He used to behave for ten cents, but now he wants a quarter."—Life.

Oil for Toothache. — There is no pain so acute and distressing as toothache. When you have to unwelcome a visitor apply Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil according to directions and you will find immediate relief. It touches the nerve with soothing effect and the pain departs at once. That it will soothe toothache is another fine quality of this Oil, showing the many uses it has.

Raincoats Made of Paper

Inexpensive emergency raincoats which can be folded and carried in a pocket or handbag are being made to fill the need so sorely felt when one is caught in a shower without any form of waterproof protection. These garments are made in sizes suitable for men, women and children, and come in two grades. The better article is made of tough paper only, coated on one side, and is designed to be used but once; the other is reinforced with fine cloth, and with proper care can be worn several times.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

Patient: Doc, I owe you my life.

Doctor: Yes, and that isn't all. —Minnesota Minnehaha.

An Easy Pill to Take.—Some persons have repugnance to pills because of their nauseating taste. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are so prepared as to make them agreeable to the most fastidious. The delicate can take them without feeling the revulsion that follows the taking of ordinary pills. This is one reason for the popularity of these celebrated pills, but the main reason is their high tonical quality as a medicine for the stomach.

Scarcity Helps Health

Man Can Endure Much Shortage of Food and Still Survive

Whether it is true or not that more people die of over-eating than of over-drinking, it is generally admitted that more die of over-eating than of starvation. It is not surprising, therefore, to learn that the enforced food restrictions in Germany and in other war countries are having a perceptibly beneficial effect on the public health. Where these limitations as to diet go hand in hand with the abolition of liquor-drinking, the salutary results are declared to be amazing, and the statement will be readily believed.

Compensation for the suffering which is inevitably entailed in such instances is found in the improved physical condition of the great mass of population. Nations which are proverbially fond of pleasures of the table are naturally quicker to complain of deprivations, but they are obviously the greatest gainers by it. Man can endure much shortage of food and still survive; upon how little he can subsist and thrive, he does not know until compelled to make the trial. In his abundance he is prone to consume far more than he needs. In his scarcity he contents himself with the quantity of food only that answers the purpose of simple nutrition. In all the greater nations engaged in the present war there is still enough food, in spite of occasional rumors to the contrary, to keep the people fairly well and maintain their physical strength. So long as this is the case, whether they get meat twice a week or only once will not greatly matter. They will not die of starvation; they will come back nearer to nature's ailment and supply, and will rid themselves of many an ill that pampered, over-fed, civilized flesh has fallen heir to.—Utah Desert News.

"Isn't pocket-picking a difficult and dangerous art?"

"Yes, till you get your hand in."

THE NATION'S FUTURE Depends Upon Healthy Babies

Properly reared children grow up to be strong, healthy citizens

Many diseases to which children are susceptible, first indicate their presence in the bowels. The careful mother should watch her child's bowel movements and use

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

It is a corrective for diarrhœa, colic and other ailments to which children are subject especially during the teething period.

It is absolutely **non-narcotic** and contains neither opium, morphine nor any of their derivatives.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Makes Cheerful, Chubby Children

Soothes the fretting child during the trying period of its development and thus gives rest and relief to both child and mother.

Buy a bottle today and keep it handy

Sold by all druggists in Canada and throughout the world

A Sure Result

"If a farmer sold 1,479 bushels of wheat for $1.17 a bushel, what would he get?"

"An automobile."

As a vermicide there is no preparation that equals Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It has saved the lives of countless children.

Turning the Tables.

An officer was enjoying his whisky and cigar when in came his servant, who said: "Any orders for me today?"

The officer said he would teach him how to speak to his superior, and went outside, pretending he was the servant. The private then drank his whisky and was smoking the officer's cigar when a knock sounded and in came the officer, who saluted and said:

"Any orders for to take, sir?"

The private replied:

"No; get off and wait till I've finished this cigar."—Tit-Bits.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Dear Sirs,—I had a Bleeding Tumor on my face for a long time and tried a number of remedies without any good results. I was advised to try MINARD'S LINIMENT, and after using several bottles it made a complete cure, and it healed all up and disappeared altogether.

DAVID HENDERSON.
Belleisle Station, King's Co., N. B., Sept. 17, 1904.

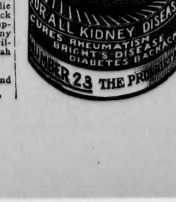
Maud: The young clergyman who performed the ceremony seemed dreadfully flustered.

Ethel: Mercy, yes! Why, he kissed the bridegroom and shook hands with the bride.

"Why do you hide, Johnny?"

"I hide to save my hide," replied the boy, who had hied him hither from a wrathful parent.

Had Regard for His Cuticle



Teutonic Opinion Weakens

German Editor Claims People Don't Know What War Is For

The London Times says that Friedrich Naumann publishes in the current number of his weekly paper, Die Hilfe, an extraordinary article on the weakening of German popular opinion about the war, and need of counteracting the present tendency. Herr Naumann writes that today "there are people enough who no longer rightly know why we are still fighting."

The necessity of what is happening is questioned, he says, and the longing that this abnormal state of things may cease "dims the eyes to the inevitable character of events. To this is then added the old and eternal mistrust of the small for the great, and it is said: 'Those people at the top need the war and that is why we have to endure it.'"

"I was visited lately by a soldier who late in the war was taken up by the Landsturm. I know him well, and I know by the nature of his calling he knows the ways of thinking of the simple people. He said to me: 'It is not explained to the people quite simply and intelligently why they are still fighting, because they do not know.'

"I answered that two years are surely enough to make it clear to the thickest head. He, however, replied: 'Two years ago all these people knew, but as they read the newspapers irregularly, have little knowledge of geography, and have no training in historical thought, even at the beginning they grasped only a general impression rather than detailed events.

"Meanwhile, all that has for them returned to a state of flux and become obscure, and now they are mentally helpless in the face of the sacrifices of this long war. Hence it becomes possible for agitation of the Liebknecht type to find its way into the very army."

Brief Report

Pat Garvey, section foreman at Trunkeyville, was formerly in the habit of sending long and detailed reports to the supervisor. Oftentimes his daily report would contain three or four pages. The supervisor became weary finally, and sent a blank form, detail and ordered Garvey to "boil" his reports down. "You aren't writing letters," he was told, "you're writing reports." Soon after this ultimatum was received by Garvey, a tremendous cloudburst and flood occurred at Trunkeyville. This is the laconic report that Garvey sent in:

"The river is where the railroad was."—Tidioute, Tex., News.

"Who is your favorite composer?"

"Wagner," replied Mr. Cumrox.

"You must be a student of music!"

"No. I mention Wagner for the sake of relieving myself of conversational strain. I like him, and he doesn't like Wagner, he won't want to hear me say another word."

"And if he does?"

"He'll want to do all the talking himself."—Washington Star.

Why People Feel Depressed in the Cold Weather

Why is tiredness and langor so prevalent just now? A physician explained that the cold of winter drives the blood from the surface of the body to the liver. Normally one-fourth of the whole blood supply is in the liver, and when the blood is driven accumulated in that organ everything goes wrong.

No better remedy exists than Dr. Hamilton's Pills that are composed of such vegetable extracts as Mandrake and Butternut, and possess wonderful stimulating and tonic qualities a marvel the way Hamilton's Pills clear the blood of the poisonous humors. They put new life into weak, run out bodies, build up the appetite, bring back a reserve of nerve energy, ride feeling of the cold days of winter and the depressing days of spring. For your health and body comfort use a 25c box of Dr. Hamilton's Pills today.

Conscientious Bill

"Bill had charge of the animal tent," said the old circus man, "and among his pets was a leopard, the only one we had with the show, and quite enough, too. This leopard gave Bill more trouble than all the rest of the menagerie put together. It was certainly an ugly brute.

"Well, one day when we were showing in the Midlands, I had come up to London to arrange about some advance business. I was eating my dinner in the hotel when a telegram was handed in to me. It was from Bill, and read: 'The leopard has escaped. Prowling about town. What shall I do?'

"Well, I was just like Bill. He had to have explicit directions, even in an emergency like this. He didn't want to make a mistake.

"I immediately wired back to Bill, 'Shoot him on the spot.' I didn't think any more about it until a couple of hours later, when I received another telegram from conscientious Bill, asking, 'Which spot?'"—London Notes.

The Problem of the Useless Car

The problem in the automobile world today is what to do with the used car that has really outlived its usefulness but seems too good to scrap. Manufacturers have been writing to dealers asking for suggestions. The man who can find a real mission for the used car will solve one of the big problems of the day and incidentally will win some fame and a bit of fortune.

The average life of an automobile is from four to five years. It seems wrong to throw a complicated machine of this age on the junk pile.

It may be said that no solution has ever been found for the old piano problem. Must it also be confessed that all the old automobile is worth is merely what the old metal in it will bring, or will some mechanical genius solve his trade's problem?—Minneapolis Journal.

EXCELSIOR INSURANCE LIFE COMPANY

AN EXCLUSIVELY CANADIAN COMPANY
ESTABLISHED 1890
Excelsior Policies Are Money Makers

RANDALL, GEE & MITCHELL, LTD.
RELIABLE GRAIN MERCHANTS

470 Grain Exchange

WE GET RESULTS THAT SATISFY.

Write for market information.

MINNEAPOLIS WINNIPEG DULUTH

James Richardson & Sons, Limited
GRAIN MERCHANTS
Western Offices - - Winnipeg, Calgary, Saskatoon

Specialists in the handling of farmers' shipments. Write, wire or 'phone our nearest office for quotations or information.

Bill your cars "NOTIFY JAMES RICHARDSON & SONS, LIMITED," to insure careful checking of grades. Liberal advances on bills of lading. Quick adjustments guaranteed accompanied by Government Certificates of grade and weight.

You will profit by Sending us Samples and Obtaining our Advice as to Best Destination before shipping Your Grain, particularly Barley, Oats and Rye.

LICENSED AND BONDED Established 1857

A Glory to the Allies

Spirit of Kitchener Survives Among the Valiant Troops Which He Formed

Lord Kitchener was a national glory to our Allies on account of his genius as a soldier and a military organizer. By his high, strong, and upright character, and by the incomparable services which he rendered to his country in many fields, he had become a sort of incarnation of England and her immense prestige. The grave of Kitchener is one of the most illustrious that have been opened since the beginning of the war. The man is no more, but his spirit survives among the valiant troops which he formed. Animated by this farseeing, resolute and indomitable spirit, they will march with us to the inevitable victory.—Paris, Le Gaulois.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Fall as a Time to Paint

A great deal of painting is done in the spring and early summer, principally because people like to have their buildings look well at the season when they can be out of doors and when nature gives a freshly painted building a most beautiful setting. It should be remembered, however, that there are advantages in fall painting.

At this season of the year, buildings are usually thoroughly dry. When the pores of wood are filled with water, or have only dried out at the surface, the oil in the paint cannot enter. The paint practically seals up a certain amount of moisture in the wood and thus does not accomplish what it should by way of preservation. With dry wood, the pores are open and empty to receive the oil and thus most effectively preserve the wood.

There is less danger of having the paint washed and spotted by rains, when flies and gnats are gone.

500,000 Germans Disabled at Verdun

Competent authorities estimate that about 500,000 Germans have been disabled in the Verdun region alone since February 21, the beginning of the great German offensive there.

The total number of wounded German prisoners taken in the Verdun sector and in the neighborhood of the Somme exceeds 43,000.

ARLINGTON
WATERPROOF COLLARS AND CUFFS
Something better than linen and big laundry bills. Wash it with soap and water. All stores or direct. State style and size. For 25c. we will mail you.
THE ARLINGTON COMPANY OF CANADA, Limited
85 Fraser Avenue, Toronto, Ontario

Wood's Phosphodine.
The Great English Remedy.
Tones and invigorates the whole system, makes rich blood, a new Blood Builder, Nerve Tonic and Strength Restorative. Wards off Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Insomnia, Nervousness, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lack of Energy, Despondency and Pimples on the face. A splendid Tonic and Invigorator for the Blood, Nerves and Generative System of Man or Woman. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price, $1 per pkg., or six packages for $5. One will please, six will cure. Write for pamphlet. The Wood Medicine Co., Toronto, Ont. (Formerly Windsor.)

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No. 1 N-2 N-3.
THERAPION
GREAT SUCCESS. QUICK CURING WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. IMPOTENCY, NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST MANHOOD, ALL SEXUAL DISEASES, BLOOD POISON, PILES. EITHER BY DRUGGISTS OR MAIL $5 POST 4 CTS. PUBLISHED IN 28 LANGUAGES. SOLD IN EVERY WOMAN BOOK. WRITE FOR FREE BOOK TO DR. LE CLERC MEDICAL INSTITUTE, 19 RUE CAMBON, PARIS. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. THERAPION IS TO TAKE SAFE AND QUICK. LASTING CURE. SEE THAT TRADE MARKED WORD "THERAPION" IS ON BOTTLE. GOVT STAMP AFFIXED TO ALL GENUINE PACKETS.

BOOK ON DOG DISEASES And How to Feed
Mailed free to any address by the Author
H. CLAY GLOVER CO., Inc.
118 West 31st Street, New York
Spratt's Patent Dog Remedies

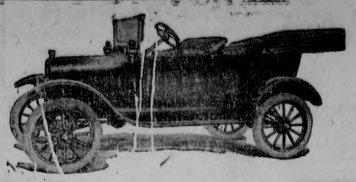
Nearly every one of his friends had suffered from the caprices of the practical joker. Happily the joker had weak points of his own. One of them was a dislike for night air. One morning about 2 o'clock there came a tremendous thumping at his front door. The joker hopped out of bed, opened his front window, and leaned out. "In heaven's name, what is the matter?" he said. "One of your windows is open," said a man on the sidewalk. "Which one?" said the joker. "This one, you've stuck your head through," was the reply.

Two bankers were talking about a financier who had failed.

"And did poor Joe accept his failure like a man?" asked the first.

"Exactly like a man," the second answered. "He blamed it on his extravagant wife."

The Non-cathartic Nature cure for
Constipation
Helps the System to Cure Itself.
You cannot cure constipation by violent methods. Violence is never effective against nature. That is why the use of morning salts and purgative pills so easily becomes a habit. These things do not cure the trouble; they only force matters, and in so doing weaken the bowels till natural action becomes impossible, and you have to go on taking your pills or salts indefinitely. Compare Dr. Cassell's Instant Relief. It simply and painlessly helps nature by strengthening the bowels, natural action is restored and a cure effected which is real and lasting.
Dr. CHAS. F. FORSHAW, D.Sc., F.R.M.S., a well-known British Scientist, writes:—"Never take Salines or Purgatives for Constipation—to force Bowel action is to aggravate the trouble and create the Constipation habit. I recommend as a superior and convenient treatment Dr. Cassell's Instant Relief."
Take Dr. Cassell's Instant Relief for constipation, biliousness, torpid liver, sick headache, diarrhœa, sour stomach, sore eyes, flatulence and wrong, spasmodic, acidity, heartburn, impure blood, and that dull, heavy feeling which is a sure indication of liver troubles.
Price 50 Cents from all Druggists and Storekeepers.
or direct from the sole agents for Canada, Harold F. Ritchie and Co., Ltd., 10, McCaul Street, Toronto. War Tax, 1 cents extra.
Dr. Cassell's Instant Relief is the companion to Dr. Cassell's Tablets.
Sole Proprietors: Dr. Cassell's Co., Ltd., Manchester, England.
Dr. Cassell's Instant Relief
LIVER TONICS ANTACIDS CARMINATIVES LAXATIVES



"Made in Canada"

The 1917 Ford Touring Car
$495.00

f. o. b. Ford, Ont.

Streamline effect, tapered hood, crown fenders, new radiator with larger cooling surface,—these are the principal new features of the 1917 model.

The demand for this new model has been so great that we are having difficulty in obtaining sufficient cars to satisfy our customers.

To insure delivery of your car, we suggest placing an order today. Call and see us.

The Peterson Motor Company, Ltd.

Farmers and Threshermen !- Your Harvest Help Requires Wholesome Meat this Season

The men will gladly "Roll-out" in the morning, if they know that the cook is going to give them the Bacon and Ham that he knows we handle. It is along time until dinner but they are satisfied when the roast beef or pork is what we supply. Oh! that lunch in the afternoon is what hits the spot if the filling for the sandwiches comes from this shop. As soon as they have eaten the lunch, they begin to say, "Supper is going to be lickin' good because we know where the 'Boss' bought the meat."

H. C. Westby's Butcher Shop in Oyen.

SUPPORT YOUR HOME TOWN

We Examine Eyes Scientifically

You can ascertain the exact condition of your eyes in fifteen or twenty minutes. Next time you are in town call in and see us. We guarantee to give you entire satisfaction.

J. W. Crockett - Jeweler & Optician

Announcement

I beg to announce to the people of Oyen and district that I have opened a new Meat Market on Main Street, opposite the Municipal Office.

By courteous treatment and handling only the best qualities of Meats etc., I hope to merit a share of your patronage.

On Friday and Saturday I will make a special offer of **Dominion Bacon at 28cts a pound.**

Call in and inspect.

The Farmers' Market

Jas. COUPER, Proprietor

More Home News

Prepare for Winter!

Stanley Cunningham, of Sibbald, was a visitor on Tuesday.

Make your home cheerful with music, Buy a Columbia Graphonola from J. W. Robinson.

Constable Lees, who has been spending the past four weeks at Rocky Mountain House, Alberta, is again in town.

Peterson Motor Company are getting in another car load of Ford cars this week.

The Department of Extension of the University of Alberta have issued a list of subjects for debating and public discussion. A bulletin of information has also been prepared on the Patriotic Fund. For further information and list of subjects, write to A. E. Ottewell, Secretary of the Department of Extension.

If you are thinking of taking out a sickness and accident policy The Merchants Casualty Company is worth your consideration. They have a deposit with the Dominion Government for the protection of policy holders of $76,200.00 or $30,200 more than asked or required by the Government. This Company has no less than twenty policy holders in Oyen and surrounding district. Mr. F. Washburn, representative of The Merchants Casualty Company, will be in Oyen next week.

Many Russian Prisoners

Escaped Russian prisoners are said to be arriving in Switzerland to the number of ten or twelve daily. Being mostly in rags, they are provided with clothes by the Russian Legation at Berne, and also with passports, via Pontarlia, for France. The stream of arrivals suggests that the camp commandants in South Germany are not altogether unwilling to see some diminution of the strain on the German supplies of food.

Tourists are Generous

That the tourists who are coming to Western Candada every summer in considerable numbers have their sympathies in the right place is indicated by a little voluntary collection taken up at the C. P. R. Chalet at Lake Louise a short time ago on behalf of the Canadian Red Cross. As a result of this collection Manager Evans, of of the Chalet, has forwarded to the Calgary Branch of the Red Cross the sum of $75.00, which was much appreciated by the Red Cross as cash donations are greatly needed. The visitors who contributed to the collection represented many parts of the globe, but were mainly from the United States.

The market report is on page five. It was corrected today.

Last Sunday evening, it began to snow and continued to do so until this morning. If this fine warm weather continues, the threshermen will be able to commence work again, early in the coming week. The farmers are optimistic, as the wheat remains near the $1.50 mark.

Major A. F. Mantle, at one time the Deputy Minister of Agriculture of Saskatchewan, died of wounds.

The Sterlin case was on in Calgary yesterday. The decision of the jury has not been learned.

Since the recent snowfall, local dealers have been selling large lots of coal. Winter's on its road here.

THE NEW GENERAL HOSPITAL AT OYEN, Alberta

Will be opened up next week for all but contagious diseases

Trained Nurse in Attendance

Special rates for maternity cases

MISS MABEL IVERSON
Nurse

Financial Statement of Oyen Red Cross Society

Summary for Year Ending September 1916

Annual Members Fees	$156.00	Amount sent to Provincial Branch	$400.00
Associate Members Fees	13.00	Red Cross Supplies	252.55
All Other Sources	528.62	Ogden Convalescent Home	14.75
		Sundry	4.85
			$672.15
		Balance on hand	25.47
	$697.62		$697.62

- *HARDWARE* -

We have what you want in the Hardware line Don't buy a Heater or Range until you see the

FIRECO HEATERS - - AND RANGES

We will have a demonstration of these stoves in our store in the near future.—

WATCH FOR THE ANNOUNCEMENT IN YOUR PAPER

See us for prices and terms on

AIRMOTOR GRINDING AND PUMPING MILLS

5 years experience in the pump and windmill business. We guarantee satisfaction.

McPHERSON & PRICE

Successors to A. A. Owens

Bain Wagons, Grain Tanks
and Low Metal Wheel Trucks

Windmills, Gasoline engines, Grain Grinders and Separators

See our "yellow gear" wagon and our new grain tanks

Stuart B. Lawrence,

"Massey-Harris Agent"

OYEN, ALTA.

Gibson Bros.
Oyen, Alta.

Another Car of Choice Mares

—For Sale—

Weighing from 1250 to 1650 lbs.

These horses are all Western horses and no Eastern Heavers among them.

These Horses May Be Seen At Section 28-28-4.

OilPull Means This →

FUEL at one-half the price means lower operating costs, smaller upkeep expenses and *bigger profits.*

Bear in mind that the OilPull is the *only* tractor that will successfully burn kerosene and cheaper oil fuels *at all loads, under all conditions—all the time.*

The OilPull, through deep plowing and thorough soil working, is increasing crops for a great many Dixie owners—in some cases doubling them. Burning kerosene, the OilPull adds this increase to your bank account at the lower possible cost.

A more dependable tractor than the OilPull can't be bought and you will find it able to take care of all your power jobs, whether draw-bar or belt. Two sizes, 15-30 and 30-60 horsepower.

Gullekson Bros.,

Sole Agents,

Oyen and Excel.